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PEACE CONFERENCE CONTINUES TO TALK

Geo. Washington Ordered To France—President To Come Home

Paris, April 9.—"Talking can not go on forever" and similar cryptic replies are the most definite information of the peace situation the Associated Press has been able to obtain from the members of the American peace delegation, who decline to clear up the mystery which involves the proceedings of the Big Four.

When asked today why it was necessary for the traveling plans of the American delegation to be dependent upon the steamer George Washington, and why it could not go home on the Leviathan or on another ship sailing on an earlier date to the United States, one of the American delegates replied that he did not think that was necessary to make hurried plans.

The harsh denunciation of the American peace delegation by the French press and charges that the ordering of the transport George Washington to come to Brest before its regular time is nothing short of blackmail have not affected the American delegation, who apparently are not surprised at the newspaper criticism.

While the Americans repeatedly affirm their belief that considerable progress has been made in the last three days, one member remarked today:

"It is not a bad idea to have the ship at Brest ready for the return." Minor officials of the American delegation are working with the Entente delegation, which is making preparations at Versailles for the reception of the German delegates and the actual signing of the treaty, while various American experts with the sub-commission are working night and day arranging the reports of those bodies, apparently without indication of any possible break in the proceedings.

President Wilson conferred last night with Secretary of State Lansing concerning the minority report of the commission on responsibility for the war, which was not clear to the President. The question of responsibility is under consideration by the Council of Four today.

"We do not accuse our allies of forgetting what France has done," says the Matin today. "But nevertheless we witnessed a curious thing yesterday. American propagandists or newspaper men, knowing that President Wilson had summoned to Brest the ship which is to take him back to America, saw in this natural order an opportunity for blackmail."

"They made—with the disapproval of all Americans who are friends of France—a bold-faced attempt at intimidation. 'If you are not more accommodating,' they went all over the city saying, 'our President will return home and you can extort yourself from your difficulties by yourself.'"

The Matin's article pungently criticizes the Peace Conference under large captions, reading: "Disquieting mysteries in Council of Four."

"In five months allied governments have not solved a single problem. Odessa in power of Bolsheviks."

The newspaper declares it has been the method of the conference to put the concerns of France last. England and America have gotten all they required, says the Matin, "now we come with our bothersome demands, and if we do not get satisfaction our country will be financially dead. Such will be the fruit of our sacrifices."

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.

The six year old daughter of Mr. Joe Lamastus Jr., of Howells Chapel, in Hancock county, was burned to death one day last week. While the parents were away from the house the small children were playing paper dolls and the little girl, having her lap full of trimmings, in an effort to empty them into the fire, caught her clothing, and before it could be extinguished was so badly burned she died a few hours later. Just before she died she asked her father to rock her. The heart-broken father gathered the burned body in his arms, and while she made a feeble effort to sing "Nearer My God To Thee," expired. The child was

a grand daughter of Mrs. Joe Lamastus, who was formerly Miss Lois Martin, of near Rosine, in this county.

A REAL WAR TANK IS COMING TO HARTFORD

A big bond sale rally will be held in Hartford Wednesday, April 16. In addition to the usual speaking program a special War Exhibits train will arrive here at 7:00 A. M. and remain until 2:00 P. M. The big attraction will be a seven ton tank, made by Uncle Sam for use against the Huns. It will be brought here on a special flat car, will be unloaded, and under its own power will parade the streets. Soldiers who have manned the death-dealing monster in France will man it. The tank is 15 feet long and ten feet high. This feature alone will be worth coming miles to see. Soldiers who have seen service in the hell of war in Europe, will deliver addresses, and well-known state speakers will also appear on the platform.

THE CROP OUTLOOK.

The crop prospect looks good for the opening of spring. A great deal of winter plowing has been done, though recent rains have materially checked this work. Wheat is more promising than for many years, if indeed the promise was ever so flattering before. There was no winter freezing. It has branched freely and, barring the fly or the remote possibility of an April freeze, a record breaking wheat crop will develop. Present condition of this crop indicate the harvest will begin in the early days of June. Tobacco plants are in good condition where covered by canvas, as most of them are, but those not protected suffered from the recent freeze. Tobacco beds sown indicate the crop will be about the same as last season. The fruit got by the heavy freeze of last week without apparent injury. However, the cold snap may result in heavy dropping later in the season. The war garden campaign of last year is reflected in the general getting busy to plant gardens this season. Fall and spring sown grass is in excellent condition.

CLERK WILL RECORD SOLDIER'S PAPERS

Provision has been made to have the discharge papers of the soldier boys recorded in the county clerk's office. This is a wise provision, since in the ordinary course of events many of the boys will get their discharge papers misplaced or destroyed. The clerk has been provided with a record book in which the soldier may have his discharge recorded as deeds are recorded, and then in the event of the loss of his papers he will have permanent record to refer to. Soldiers of the Civil War suffered much inconvenience from not having a record, and we suggest to the discharged soldier that he have his papers copied in the county clerk's office at once.

JOE I. HARDER DEAD.

Mr. Joe I. Harder, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Fordsville, died at the residence of his son, in Daviess county, Sunday. His death was due to old age. His remains were buried at Fordsville Tuesday, by the Masonic fraternity, of which he had long been a member. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Brandenburg. Mr. Harder was 81 years old and had been a citizen of the Fordsville community all of his life. He was a member of the 17th Kentucky regiment during the Civil War. Mr. Harder was a big, open-hearted citizen and had many friends who will be saddened by his death. He had served as constable, magistrate and as deputy sheriff.

TRAIN KILLS A MAN AT SIMMONS SUNDAY

Mr. Joe Condon, of Simmons, was killed by an Illinois Central train, near that place Sunday afternoon. The circumstances of the accident were peculiarly sad. Mr. Condon, with his wife and small daughter, were walking down the railroad track and while on a trestle were overtaken by a train. Mrs. Condon jumped from the trestle in time to escape injury, but her husband, in a successful effort to place the little girl safely behind a water barrel, standing on the ends of the ties, was struck by the train and killed instantly.

ANOTHER COXEY'S ARMY BUT SAME OLD COXEY

New York, April 7.—The I. and R. army is being recruited for a march on Washington. The objective is not the capture of the national capital and neither is it designed to enforce reparation, territorial guarantees, spheres of influence or mandatory selections. Its big goal is popular government—self-determination, as it were.

The army will compose legions advocating the initiative and referendum as a part of the federal Constitution. Gen. Jacob Schler, Coxey, of Massillon, O., yes—the same General Coxey who led the Commonwealth army of unemployed to Washington in 1894 and was told to "keep off the grass"—is the C. O. and general staff all rolled into one, and he said today in outlining his plans that "popular government in this country is bunk."

General Coxey is not concerned with the prohibition amendment primarily, but the method by which it was tacked on the federal Constitution is one of the signs of the time that have stirred him to renewed action after twenty-five years of philosophical contemplation of passing events.

"What I do care about," he pointed out today, "is the principle of popular government. I don't care a hang what happens to the dry amendment. But it was not enacted by the wish of the majority of the people; it was railroaded through. Now let us have the initiative and referendum and if the majority of the people of the country really want liquor, they can petition for having the dry amendment submitted to a popular vote. If the amendment is sustained that is the last of the liquor in this country."

"People thought I was crazy in 1894 when I marched my army to Washington and demanded the initiative and referendum. Well, fifteen states in the Union have gone crazy since, and adopted my measure."

Asks Bryan To Enlist.
General Coxey plans to enlist William Jennings Bryan as a member of his general staff and has sent the following communication to him:

"In view of your declaration on this subject, I wish to ask you to join me in getting Congress to pass a resolution referring it to the state legislatures and then appeal to every legislature to adopt so that in six months time we may accomplish that which will require years of agitation and education in any other way."

"Now, Mr. Bryan, can't get away from that appeal." General Coxey added. "He will either have to help me get this measure through congress or repudiate his ideas on the initiative and referendum."

The opening day of Congress will find Coxey in Washington hard on the trail of the representatives and senators. Meanwhile he will carry forward his plans for the greatest procession "the world has ever seen."

YOUNG MAN INSANE.

Ollie Neighbors, of Narrows, was before an inquest court here, Tuesday, and was adjudged to be of unsound mind. His father, Mr. John Neighbors, left with two young men, in the afternoon for Hopkinsville, where he will undergo treatment at the hospital. He is about twenty years old, and his mind has been affected only a few days.

YOUNG MAN SUICIDES.

Kirt Snell, a young man about twenty-one or twenty-two years old, committed suicide by shooting himself Saturday, near Spring Lick. He had been in poor health for some time, and this is supposed to be the cause of his act. Snell killed a man at a Holy Roller meeting, in Grayson county, about five years ago, for which he served a term in state prison. He was released two years ago. He was a son of Sam Snell, a merchant at Arnold, in this county.

EUGENIC MARRIAGES ARE FAVORED BY ASSEMBLY

Trenton, N. J., April 8.—The New Jersey Assembly went on record today as favoring eugenic marriages, passing a bill compelling prospective candidates for matrimony to submit to a physician's examination before a license is issued. Diseased conditions revealed by the examination of candidates under the selective service law is responsible for the proposed legislation.

GOD TEMPERS THE WIND.

By I. D. Claire.

A sentence lives in the minds of men and is passed on from generation only when it voices a feeling common to the multitude, but which the multitude lacks the power to express. Of such is the expression "God Tempers The Wind To The Shorn Lamb."

A simple illustration of this principle, as old as the emotions of men, came under my personal observation some years ago. It was the event of a man condemned to die on the gallows. It is not my purpose to argue the guilt or innocence of the man, but to illustrate the truth of the caption of this essay. I saw him from the day when he was first locked in a cell until the fatal drop of the gallows.

Twelve good men, and true, sat in the jury box. They were his hope, as hope clings like a tenacious octopus to the human heart until the final sentence is passed. May be yet, may be yet, he might be spared all he loved—most—life. Dread and fear and desperation hung before him like a pall, but deceptive hope wrought him into a maelstrom of misery. Uncertainty—how it wounds and curses and disappoints. Uncertainty is the cruel curse that tries the soldier's valor or us it does the mother's heart watching by the dying babe. To know one's fate, however dreadful, is mercy in relief. The jury retired and the accused sat like a statue, motionless, expressionless. His hour had come. The verdict—guilty—was returned. After a single moment of bewilderment his face strangely relaxed, and a smile, wanting indeed in merriment, played about his lips. The verdict was death, but death would be a release. No longer must he toss at night upon his pillow and wonder over his fate. The fateful day came. The condemned man, his season of uncertainty over, jesting with his trembling executioner, and of the multitude that came to witness his execution, he was the calmest of them all. While there was a ray of hope his life was a damned torment, but facing a certainty he was as calm as a child at play. Truly God tempered the wind to the shorn lamb.

RECENT LAND SALES.

W. H. Parks to Lemmie and Allison Tichenor 178 acres, on Green River, \$6,600 and exchange of land.

Mrs. Thurza Ambrose to Marvin and Stella Hoover, 68 acres on Hartford and Owensboro road, \$850.

C. W. Stevens to Mary T. Embury, lot in Cromwell, \$900.

C. P. Kissinger to A. J. Wilson, lot in Fordsville, \$550.

E. J. Carter to H. R. & Lee Bennett, 13 acres \$377.

S. F. Kissinger to Nannie K. Shaw, lot in Fordsville, \$10.

Herman Newton to Joseph Eskridge 1/2 interest in tract, on Adams Fork Creek, \$100.

John T. Smith Jr., to C. P. Kissinger, lot in Fordsville, \$550.

H. B. Bean to T. H. Bean, exchange of land.

S. F. Kissinger to Lizzie Gatherlie, lot in Fordsville, \$10.

John Hoskins to W. C. Fogle, 2 acres near McHenry, \$450.

R. J. Stevens to Albert and Laura Maddox, 4 lots in Beaver Dam, \$1,200.

Simon B. Wigginton and others to Hugh Richards, 73 acres on Barnetts creek, \$4000.

J. C. Johnson and others to Emma May Minton, 90 acres on Halls creek, \$350.

C. V. Wedding to C. H. Martin, 2 1/2 acres, \$500.

PAYMENTS ON VICTORY LOAN

Secretary Glass has announced the dates upon which payments will be required on the notes of the Victory Loan as follows:

10 per cent on or before July 15, 20 per cent on or before August 12, 20 per cent on or before September 9.

20 per cent on or before October 7, 20 per cent on or before November 11, with accrued interest on deferred installments.

Payments in full can be made on May 20, the 10 per cent required with application having been duly paid on or before May 10. Payment may also be completed on any installment date with accrued interest.

RESOLUTIONS VOTED

BY FISCAL COURT

The high esteem in which County Farm Demonstrator W. W. Browder

was held, both as an official and as a man, is fittingly stated in the following resolutions, adopted by the court, at its special session, Wednesday:

Whereas, it appearing that W. W. Browder, who for the past four years has been Farm Demonstrator for Ohio county, has resigned, his resignation to become effective May 1, 1919 and.

Whereas, he has been at all times a faithful and efficient, public servant, and.

Whereas, by his industry and persistent effort our farms have been greatly enhanced in value, and the quality of our live stock greatly improved and.

Whereas, at all times he has been a gentleman of the highest moral and intellectual type and.

Whereas, his going from us will be greatly regretted by all of us who have so pleasantly and profitably known him,

Therefore be it Resolved by the Ohio county Fiscal Court, in called session that we regret:

1st.—That we are no longer to have the services and association of a gentleman of Mr. Browder's accomplishments.

2nd.—That our official relations have at all times been pleasant and profitable.

3rd.—That we commend him to his future constituency as a thorough christian gentleman, and one capable of giving help and assistance to those requiring his professional services, and one whose integrity will stand the test, and whose industry and enthusiasm for his work will stimulate others along all civic and industrial lines.

OHIO COUNTY FISCAL COURT.

ADMUGED SANE AGAIN.

Press Evans, of McHenry, who recently returned from the asylum, at Hopkinsville, had a hearing in county court yesterday to legally establish his sanity, in order that he might properly transact business. Evans had a severe attack of influenza, sometime in the winter, and as a result of which his mind was temporarily unbalanced. When brought into court here for trial seven hundred dollars were found on his person. The money was deposited in the bank by the court, and it was necessary for his sanity to be legally established for him to get his money.

LATEST NEWS ITEMS.

It is reported the four big powers have decided the Kaiser responsible for the war and that he may be brought to trial. If tried he will probably have to answer in a Belgian court.

A great storm took a toll of 100 lives in Texas, Wednesday. More than a dozen lives were also lost in Oklahoma.

The peace conference, it is announced, has decided that German indemnity shall be paid on the installment plan, running about thirty years. The first payment demanded will be \$5,000,000,000.

Ed Morrow has announced in favor of free school books for the children of Kentucky.

The Government will organize an army of 3000 revenue agents to enforce nation-wide prohibition, after July 1.

LOUISVILLE MARKETS.

Market active and prices strong.

Hogs—165 pounds and up \$20.25; 120 to 165 pounds \$18.75; pigs, 120 pounds down \$16.40; throwouts \$17.75 down.

Cattle—Prime export \$16.00 @ 16.50; heavy shipping \$15.00 @ 16; light \$11.00 @ 13.00; fat heifers \$9.00 @ 13.50; fat cows \$9.50 @ 12.50; medium \$7.00 @ 9.50; cutters and canners \$5.25 @ 7.00; bulls \$7.50 @ 11.25; feeders \$8.50 @ 13.25; stockers \$7.50 @ 11.25.

Culves—best veals \$13.00 @ 14; medium \$8.00 @ 12.50; common \$5.00 @ 8.00.

Sheep and Lambs—Best sheep \$12.00 @ 13.00; backs \$10.50 down; Choice lambs \$18.00 @ 19.00; seconds \$13.00 @ 16.00; culs \$10.00 @ 13.00.

Produce
Poultry—Hens 30c; young chicks 35c @ 45c; roosters 16c.
Butter—Packing 34c; eggs candled 38c.

Prof. O. D. Carson, who has been with the American Cooperative Association, at Reeds in Daviess county, for some time, has been assigned to the branch of the Association here.

FISCAL COURT FOR NATIONAL HIGHWAY

Vote \$25,000 For Proposed Road In North Part Of County.

The Fiscal Court, in special session here Wednesday, made an important order relative to the building of state-aid and federal-aid roads in the county.

Just now a movement is in progress to build a metal road from Louisville to Owensboro. The building of the road with state and federal aid is a certainty, and the only important matter now to determine is the route to be selected.

Hawesville and Brandenburg, county seats respectively of Hancock and Meade counties, are making strong efforts to pull the route close along the Ohio river. But the government having recently built the road to the military camp, at Stith-ton, it is a matter now of selecting the nearest and most practical route from that point to Owensboro. Breckinridge county is making an effort to bring it by Hardinsburg. The shortest line between Stith-ton and Owensboro, as the map will show, is by way of Hardinsburg and Fordsville. Fordsville citizens are alive and awake to the opportunity of getting the road, and are working night and day toward that end. They have already interested the officials of other counties in bringing the road through Ohio county, and now our own officials are getting interested.

The Fiscal Court, at its special session Wednesday, entered an order appropriating \$25,000, to be paid in five annual installments of \$5,000 each, to be used on any state-aid or federal-aid road undertaken in the county. However, the order provides this money shall not be available until such road is surveyed, work actually begun, and then only when actually needed to pay for construction work. Many citizens of the Fordsville route are proposing to give substantial sums for the establishment of the highway through that section of the county.

A largely attended meeting, at which the county officials of Daviess county and many people from Breckinridge county, were present, was held at Fordsville Tuesday. Last night a big meeting of the officials and others interested along the various proposed routes was held at the Seelbach Hotel, in Louisville. The prospect looks good to bring this important highway through Ohio county, and every citizen should lend a helping hand.

CORRECTS MISSTATEMENT.

That little squib in Tuesdays Herald to the effect that the convention which was held in this city last week was a failure, and that there was much indifference shown by citizens and soldiers, is anything but a true statement of the facts. About One hundred and twenty-five soldiers were present, most of them the entire time and all of them at the Banquet which they voted one of the most delightful and helpful affairs which they had ever attended, many who could not attend sent written regrets. The program so far as we could find out was flawless and those who took part in it were neither ignorant nor indifferent. And the trifling attempt to reflect on the convention and stick a lance in the Y. M. C. A. heart is no one and surprises no one. But worst of all it is a knock on our good women who served so beautifully and worked so hard to make the occasion complete. The convention was neither untimely nor was it a Y. M. C. A. "propaganda." The soldiers who were present voted unanimously to have the next meet July 4th when more of the boys will be at home and from time to time as they shall return. Quit your knocking mud and line up with those who are seeking to show their appreciation of the service rendered by Ohio county boys.

A. D. LITCHFIELD.

At a recent meeting of the board of school trustees of the High school here J. F. Bruner was elected Superintendent, Miss Belle Walker, of Morgantown, was elected Principal and W. S. Hill, of Coraiva, Assistant Principal. Teachers for the grades were not elected at the meeting mentioned.

THE WAR HAS ENDED BUT PEACE IS NOT YET

Peace Envoys Parley War Clouds Rise Again On Horizon

Federal Judge Evans, at Louisville, Ky., has just decided that the war ended with the signing of the armistice Nov. 11, 1918. But in spite of this solemn pronouncement, peace still refuses to materialize. Nobody can read the future, but the prospects are ominous. Hostilities between the allies and the Germans ceased Nov. 11 but it is now going on five months since then and very little progress toward actual peace has been made. The Huns were masterful when they laid down their arms last November. They could hardly have survived another winter of war, but they knew that they were leaving the allies in an awkward situation and they had lingering hopes that something would turn up during the winter to better their own position and save them from the penalties of their crimes. It would undoubtedly have been much better if the allies had insisted on fighting the war to a finish and dictating peace in Berlin and Vienna. Instead of stopping half way, the Teutons were able to withdraw their armies and boast that they had not been licked; "the who fights and runs away may live to fight another day," and that was what they counted on. It is true that the allies have laid down very rigorous military terms to the defeated enemies. The old Teuton war-machine dominated by the general staff is being broken up; the Teuton armies are to be limited in size and the Teuton munition plants are also to be kept under control; the Teuton navies and aircraft have been surrendered. In short the allies have tried to think of every possible way of tying the hands of these enemies. The Teutons have not been beaten, in the sense that they see their errors and repent of them; their only regret is that their methods did not succeed, and if they had a chance they would try the same things over again. Just as soon as the peace treaty is a completed thing they will begin to look for loopholes in it which they can take the advantage of. They will make friends with the Bolsheviks in Russia and elsewhere and they will together 300 million population in eastern Europe to draw on and to exploit for industrial and military purposes. Dr. Dornburg, who was a German agent in this country early in the war, has recently said that as Germany has been blocked in the west she must turn to the east to fulfill her destiny of conquest. Now spring is here and a new year is opening up, giving rise to new hopes and schemes. In the minds of these cunning enemies, they are beginning to threaten that they will not accept the terms laid down and they are using bolshevism as a club with which to intimidate the allies. While the peace conference at Paris should have been working that night and day on the vital task of establishing peace at the earliest possible moment, it has been using up precious time going into all the ratiocinations of the league of nations plan. Peace has been sidetracked and delayed in order to give a clear right of way to the league special. And the result is that the time is going by and we still have neither the league nor peace. Every day's delay is a benefit to the Teutons, and the longer the peace is put off the more obstacles are placed in its way. The latest and most disturbing development is the seizure of the government of Hungary by the Bolshevik elements and the virtual declaration of war against the allies. Ordinarily dates have small importance in history but there are times when they are significant. The equinox is a turning-point in the year. The Germans launched their great final drive in France on March 21, 1918. They confidently counted on pushing the war to a victorious finish last summer, and they came within a hair's breadth of doing it. On March 21 this year they launched a new offensive, this time on the eastern front, in the shape of this revolution in Hungary. It is understood that the Germans plotted to bring about this coup. Their purpose is to encourage anarchy and make the allies believe that if they make the peace terms severe it will result in establishing Bolshevik regimes in many countries. The aim of the allies, in drawing the new map of Europe, is to fix things so that there will be a chain of strong and independent nations to act as buffers between the disturbing elements. These buffer states are mainly Poland, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia and Rumania. But it is not so easy as it looks to redraw a political map. Though the principal was laid down that the new boundaries should follow the divisions between the different races, the

fact is that these divisions are not distinctly marked and there are many places where two or more races have conflicting claims. The question of the new Poland is one of those that is delaying peace now. President Wilson laid it down that Poland must have an outlet to the sea, but the only way this can be gained is by taking territory from Germany. The latest proposition is to give the Poles a "corridor" 60 miles wide leading north to the Baltic sea, along the valley of the Vistula. This would give to Poland the important German port of Danzig. Moreover, it would separate East Prussia from Germany. It is likely that this is just what the allies are planning for, but naturally Germany doesn't like to be carved up that way. It was in this providence of East Prussia that the Hahenzollern Huns originated, and it would be a fitting punishment to have the province lopped off.

Prémier Paderewski, of Poland, gives warning that there will be no peace unless the allies erect a powerful Poland which will stand as a barrier to prevent the Huns from exploiting "the endless supply of labor and raw materials of Russia." If Germany once taps these resources she will still win a victory in peace even though she lost in the war, he says, for she will have at her command "the cheap labor of Russia and China and she will thus dominate the world, since the highly paid labor of America and other allied countries will not be able to compete with her."

Bad breath, bitter taste, dizziness and a general "no account" feeling is a sure sign of a torpid liver. Herbine is the medicine needed. It makes the liver active, vitalizes the blood, regulates the bowels and restores a fine feeling of energy and cheerfulness. Price 60 cents. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

THE END OF THE TRAIL.

L. V. Kelly.
(Our Dumb Animals.)
The rabbits were back and the lynxes were flying high. It was so easy to creep along on great, soft-cushioned feet and pounce on some unsuspecting snow-shoe bunny that had paused in fancied security beneath some forest shelter. It was so pleasant to run them down in the brush and catch them as they doubled in quivering fear. It was more pleasant yet to follow the trail and then dive beneath the deep, loose snow at the exact spot and pluck forth a quaking meal of tender rabbit or deep-bosomed partridge.

A handsome tabby lynx slipped like a gray-dappled ghost from the black forest to the snail snow-shoe trail and passed down the lighted way where the frost crystals sparkled and the emerald laden fir branches bent in graceful festoons beneath the burden. She crossed the trail of a prowling coyote and then noticed where a mighty mouse had ploughed his way through three feet of snow. She paused hungrily when two spruce partridges whirled from their beds in the snowbank and sought safety in the upper branches of a tall evergreen tree.

She went farther afield. Hunger was growing with the rising sun. A penetrating and seductive odor crept up the wind and reached her sensitive nostrils. It was a mere faint suggestion of something desirable and she faced the breeze to seek further information. Hacking her jaws, meantime, in anticipation of some pleasing realization. Proceeding a short distance she spied the body of a fresh-killed partridge, temptingly torn. The intoxicating smell of alase which had first attracted the animal, was heavier than ever, and mixed as it was with the scent of fresh blood and meat it brought quick action.

The lynx leaped freely and hungrily, and as her great feet struck the scattered feathers beneath the stark body of the bird the snow was rent asunder and steel jaws clamped down on big fore paw.

She tugged and snarled and faught. A heavy drag of wood, fastened to the trap by a short chain, hampered her efforts very much, though she made some progress and left a wide trail in doing it. After she had struggled a mile she heard a faint whoop in the hated human tones. Though it spurred her on she did not know that it was the ghid yell of the trapper who had found his trap sprung and a well-marked trail left to follow. She heaved a grunting and a crackling, in the underbrush and then a man on snow-shoes burst upon her. She screamed in pain and fear and rage while the man advanced swiftly, swinging a heavy club.

Today her warm coat protects her neck and shoulders of a pretty girl.

CIRCUMSTANCES SEND INNOCENT TO PRISON

Warning Case For Juries Holding Power Over Life

Oneonta, Ala.—Have you ever served on a murder jury?

Have you ever held the life of an accused murderer in the hollow of your hand?

Have you ever found guilty of premeditated murder a fellow human being?

Some day you may be called upon to do this.

And when you are, I beg of you that you will remember the case of Bill Wilson.

This is the testimony in his case. Suppose, for instance, that you are the jury. See the evidence.

W. E. Wilson, better known as "Bill" Wilson, lived with his wife Jennie, and three children. They were happy and contented. Then another man entered the home and stole into his wife's heart.

The husband, later on, learned that he had lost his wife's affections and that the other man had gained them.

"I thought of the children," the home, and still I was here," Wilson testified. "So I went away from there, thinking to a distance where I could make a difference. But the other man followed. They met me in, and often. Then I knew that there was a thing else to do, I thought."

Now the evidence goes to show that Wilson and his two older children moved to Oneonta, staying with his brother on a farm. He said nothing to neighbors about his wife and the baby.

To him that was a closed chapter of life.

He did, however, go to the county seat and file suit for divorce, alleging desertion. Three years after the divorce was granted him Wilson married another woman.

Find Bones Half Bored.

Two boys were roving the woods near Oneonta. They came upon two half-hidden skeletons, one that of an adult, the other of a small child. Running to town the boys told of their discovery, and everybody flocked through the woods.

Hurriedly the old citizens went over the roll call of missing persons. "Murdered!" they cried in unison; "of course! If they hadn't been murdered they would have been buried in the graveyard."

And then they remembered that Bill Wilson's first wife hadn't been seen since the night in 1903 when she and the baby disappeared and Bill took the other two children to his brother's home. Suspicion widened and deepened.

Bill Wilson's honeymoon was interrupted by the arrest on a charge of wilful and premeditated murder. That was three years after his first wife's disappearance.

"She went away," he said, "I don't know where. I am sure that she went with her lover."

"Then why didn't you take the other child?" he was asked.

"Because she said it wasn't mine; that the other man was its father."

Identify Skeletons.

The trial proceeded. The boys told of finding the skeletons. Doctors said they were the bones of a woman and a baby. Folks who knew said the missing wife and child were of the heights indicated by the skeletons.

Bill Wilson said he hadn't heard of his first wife and that child since that night.

"She insisted it was impossible for a woman and baby to leave town without being seen."

The prosecutor closed the case with a brilliant plea for justice demanding punishment in its most severe form for the murder of the wife and child.

"We, the jury, find the defendant guilty of murder in the first degree," and the Judge sentenced Bill Wilson to the penitentiary for life.

Appeals to higher courts failed to change the course of law, and Bill Wilson was thrust into prison stripes, and alternated from convict camps to life cell. That lasted 17 months.

Then one day a relative of the "other man," visiting too, got a letter from Jennie, the missing woman. Wilson's sister heard about it, and finally located Jennie at Britland, Ind. The "murdered" woman hadn't heard that Wilson was in prison for her "death." She came back to Oneonta and the machinery of the law reversed itself, gradually and slowly, ending with the release from prison stripes and cells of Bill Wilson. The law also wiped the murder stain from his name, and thought to square accounts with him by handing him a few paltry dollars.

But while hearing the false brand of Cain Wilson's second wife turned against him. She, too, believed that he was a murderer, the slayer of wife and baby. She divorced him.

That's the story of Bill Wilson.

SEE US

For Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Sale Bills, Business and other Cards.

In fact, we are prepared to furnish you most anything you may desire in the way of Paper and Printed Matter.

BLANK DEEDS, MORTGAGES, &c., IN STOCK.

If You have something to SELL or anything to ADVERTISE try an "ad" in THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN.

Hartford Printing Company

INCORPORATED

HARTFORD,

KENTUCKY

convicted on the strongest case of circumstantial evidence ever presented to an American court. There was absolutely no loophole in the chain of testimony against him. Jury, judge and supreme court said so.

"Guilty beyond reasonable doubt."

For Billions Troubled.

To promote a healthy action of the liver and correct the disorders caused by biliousness, Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. Try them and see how quickly they give you a relish for your food and banish that dull and stupid feeling.

SLEEPING SICKNESS TAKES TOLL OF LIVES

Washington, April 5.—One hundred and eighty-three cases of "lethargic encephalitis," or sleeping sickness, with 14 deaths are reported in the United States by the United States Public Health Service today. The reports up to March 29 are as apportioned among the states are as follows:

	Cases	Deaths
Alabama	1	0
Connecticut	1	0
Georgia	4	0
Illinois	70	0
Iowa	2	1
Kentucky	1	0
Louisiana	14	0
Massachusetts	2	1
New Hampshire	1	0
New Jersey	1	1
New York	50	4
North Carolina	2	1
Ohio	1	1
South Carolina	3	0
Tennessee	4	1
Virginia	25	2
Texas	2	1
Total	183	14

Surgeon-General Hine suggests that state health officer make lethargic encephalitis reportable, so that the study of the disease may be facilitated. He states that the United States Public Health Service is still undecided as to whether the sleeping sickness of the type prevalent in Europe has reached the United States. Until all the health officers report it will not be possible, he adds, to determine whether the figures now available give a true picture of the alleged prevalence of "lethargic encephalitis."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears

the

Signature of

Wm. H. Stearns

MARK YANK GRAVES

Resting Place Of Fallen Heroes
Being Registered.

Four thousand men of the A. E. F. are now engaged in the registration of and search for the graves of American soldiers who died in battle.

The work of seeking the resting places of American heroes is being undertaken by the section of graves registration, which is directing its efforts so as to be able to designate the grave of every American should Congress authorize the return of the bodies of the fallen.

Tireless seeking for identification tags marks the daily task of the men of the graves registration section. They set out on their solemn mission equipped with pick, shovel and gas mask. Sometimes they pry down into the ground for the identity of the dead warrior, sometimes they ferret into the recesses of discarded dug-outs and sometimes they clear away the brush of the forest to find some trace of the victims of battle.

Each cemetery where Americans have been buried is fully platted on maps. The graves registration service is now extending every energy to complete the burying, marking, recording and classifying of the heroic Americans.

When you have Backache the liver or kidneys are sure to be out of gear. Try Sinal, it does wonders for the liver, kidneys and bladder. A trial 50c bottle will convince you. Get it at the drug store. 46-yr

SENATOR JOHNSON SAYS TIME NOW FOR ACTION

Washington, April 4.—Senator William W. Johnson, of California, in a statement today, called on the American people to "wake up."

The senator declared it is time to get back to the idea that it is "respectable to be American." He deplored the tendency to forsake the settlement of American problems and to put them aside for "world dreams."

"Let's be Americans again," is the clarion cry in Senator Johnson's appeal to the people.

The senator referred to the absence in Europe of the President, the secretary of state, the secretary of the navy and the prospective departure of the secretary of war. He used this phrase in commenting on the anomalous situation in which the nation now finds itself.

Under Foreign Influence.

"Our commutating government hovers around European capitals, hankering in the sunlight of foreign education."

Senator Johnson said that in California the bean and barley growers

who were encouraged by the government to increase their acreage to meet government demands have now been stranded by the government while purchases of beans and barley are being made from Japanese growers.

Speaking also for the returning soldiers, Senator Johnson declared that they "ask only justice and work and get neither." The other great problems confronting the nation, such as the restoration of business to normal channels, unemployment and unrest in many cities and the activity of foreign agitators, are all neglected, the senator said, while the chief officials of the government remain abroad.

Be Americans First.

Following is Senator Johnson's statement:

"It's time for Americans to awake. Five months have passed since the armistice, since we did the job for which America entered the war. Five months now after the end of the war we have a million and a half men in France and Germany. It has become a reproach in many quarters, now to think in terms of America for America first. It's time to cry a halt. make it respectable to be American again."

Do You Sleep Well?

To be at his best a man must have sound, refreshing sleep. The wakeful and restless at night he is in no condition for work or business during the day. Wakefulness is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and is quickly relieved by Chamberlain's Tablets. Try a dose of these tablets and see how much better you feel with a clear head and good digestion.

HOW CAN YOU TELL YOUR FAVORITE TOBACCO?

As Plain as the Nose on Your Face—Just Smell It

Smokers do not have to put tobacco in their pipes to find out if they like it. They can just rub the tobacco between the palms of their hands and smell it. The nose is an infallible guide to smoking enjoyment.

All smoking tobaccos employ some flavoring "to improve the flavor and burning qualities of the leaves," to quote the Encyclopedia Britannica. Naturally, there is considerable difference in the kind of flavorings used, and the nose quickly detects this difference. TUXEDO Tobacco uses the purest most wholesome, and delicious of all flavorings—chocolate. And the almost universal liking for chocolate in a great measure explains the widespread popularity of TUXEDO Tobacco.

Carefully aged, old Burley tobacco, plus a dash of pure chocolate, give TUXEDO Tobacco a pure, fragrant, and long-lasting flavor, which is quickly distinguished from any other tobacco. Try it and see.

300,000,000 PEOPLE FACING DEADLY PERIL

Ghost Of Starvation Walks Amid The Alarmed Populace

By Charles Edward Russell.
(The noted Publicist and Sociologist,
Who Has Recently Returned From
Europe.)

New York, April 5.—Food or chaos—that, in plain terms, is the situation in practically all of Europe east of the Rhine. Help, or have anarchy.

Come with organized relief on a scale never known before—come with bread and meat and clothes for millions and then millions, or face the certainty of terrible distress over vast regions of populous territory and the possibility of a storm that will shake the whole structure of modern society—and, maybe, shake it down.

Any one who talks about things as they really are in Europe today will seem to the uninitiated an alarmist or an exaggerator. This is because the world has never faced such a situation and has nothing in its experience to compare with it.

I can only assure you that no one in the last few weeks has been in Paris and heard there the reports from Eastern Europe will think this forecast of coming trouble extravagant.

Of the 400,000,000 people in Europe it is likely that 300,000,000 are now approaching the line of acute destitution, or are already upon it—or over it.

In some parts of Austria-Hungary, Silesia and Bohemia starvation has either begun or is close at hand.

If there is neither peace nor security in Germany fed, what will be the conditions in Germany starving?

In much of Turkey the state of the people is described as appalling—in Constantinople there is acute famine among all the poor. Reports from the camps of 1,000,000 Russian prisoners still in Germany and Bohemia are of a nature not to be printed in a newspaper. I can only hint at them by saying no such stories have been told of civilized men, except of parties of despairing castaways in the article.

Starving men lose all reason and restraint. We who are comfortable and well fed always overlook this fact; yet fact it remains. Europe is now likely to have to deal with it in stern fashion. For just at the time when whole countryside are threatened with death, the agitators of the Bolshevik and devilish energies of the anarchists are at their worst. Give to desperate, starving, frantic men, the promise of plenty that the Bolshevik always hold out, and what shall we expect them to do with it?

What recently happened at Munich ought to show us plainly enough if we have any doubt on the subject. Pinching bellies had a great deal more to do with that outbreak of madness than the machinations of the reactionaries.

Suppose that a hundred million people in Europe get into the desperate state of mind of the people of Munich, and what would come of it?

Of all the Germans the Bavarians are by tradition the least given to violence and the most to order and method. And here, under pressure of this fearful thing, they, too, seem to eat of the insane root and to forth destroying, murdering and burning. Even at the best, even in countries where there is no starvation, men can be plainly enough the signs of unmet and profound dissatisfaction. He must have read history with his eyes, and not with his intelligence, that does not know these things are infectious.

U. S. Only Can Save.

In this great circle there is but one nation in the world that is in any position to furnish the relief that may save the situation. That is the United States. It alone has the food, the textiles, the ships, the money to save the world from an inevitable disaster.

It rests with us Americans whether we shall grasp the situation and rise to it.

There is no help in any other quarter. We may as well understand that. It is America or nothing. We have in the United States a pleasant and hopeful feeling that the war is all over and done with; democracy is safe and the world is sliding back to the good old grooves in which it traveled so untroubled in the years before this thing came upon us.

As a matter of fact, the work of America for the world was no more than begun when it went into the war and sent its troops to France.

Democracy and civilization are threatened with a foe even greater than the old German Empire. What is needed now is not guns and soldiers, but wheat, corn, cotton, seeds, clothes.

There is not the slightest doubt that the nation that furnished one

kind of relief can furnish another, but to furnish it 110,000,000 people, thousands of miles away from the scene, must come to know how fearful is the need and how critical is the hour. And can they do that?

The war revealed to us how fragile, after all, is the social house in which we have lived with so much pomp.

Old records reveal the story of mankind a succession of such civilizations rising and crumbling. I should think that if we are not ready to take a chance on the downfall of this one, now is the time to forget everything else except the saving of it.

Catarrah Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrah Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrah Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrah Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrah conditions. Send for P. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. All Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MATED BY PARENTS LONG BEFORE BORN

New York, April 4.—A long-forgotten and but recently remembered dream of Andrew Carnegie, the steel king, will be fulfilled when his daughter, Miss Margaret Carnegie, who took out a marriage license to-day with Ensign Roswell P. Miller, U. S. N., weds the young officer.

Miss Carnegie, who gave her age as 22, was born of a late marriage, for the great iron-master did not marry Louise Whitfield, the heiress' mother, until he was 52. More than a score of years before his marriage, when Mr. Carnegie, as a hired man in a Pittsburgh steel mill was known as "Andy," the young workman, then 30, was chatting with his bosom friend, Roswell Miller. They had formed a strong friendship during the Civil War, Miller having fought as a lieutenant in the 3rd New York Artillery, and young Carnegie working in the office of the superintendent of military telegraphs.

"Give Her To My Boy."

The two men were looking over some steel rails ordered by Miller, then a railroad contractor. A hardened young woman flounced by, and Carnegie, glancing at her, remarked to his friend:

"Ross, if I ever get married and have a daughter, I'm not going to let her grow up to be a doll. She is going to know something about making her home."

"And if I ever have a boy, Andy," responded Miller, "I hope he marries that girl of yours, or some one like her; because he is going to earn his own living and know how to do it with his own hands."

Twelve years after his marriage, Margaret came to brighten the home of Andrew Carnegie, then 64 years of age. He is now 86 and she is 22, yet they are chums and have been since she could skip and toddle about the room.

Taught to Cook and Sew.

With never a thought of the dream he and his friend Miller had voiced many years ago, Andrew Carnegie and his wife, who shared his democratic views about making a real American woman of the girl who will inherit such part of the ironmaster's \$300,000,000 as he has not given away. She was taught to cook and sew and clean house. When she first went to school at the age of 15 she knew far more about housekeeping than most young women know when they marry. She could market and make clothes and the miniature apartment she set up in the Carnegie mansion at 2 East 91 St., for her special use and experimentation had been finished and re-finished and rearranged by her, until it was perfect.

About a year ago, if Andrew Carnegie had lost his recollection of his long ago dream, dame nature stepped in to remind him. Margaret Carnegie was a school friend of the sister of Roswell P. Miller, son of Mr. Carnegie's old chum. He had been driving an ambulance in France, but returned to take service in the American navy. He and Margaret Carnegie formed even a stronger attachment than had existed between the fathers. She was just the kind of girl young Carnegie, the mill hand, had promised Miller she should be. The attachment ripened into love and finally Ensign Miller asked Andrew Carnegie for his daughter's hand. Then it was the ironmaster remembered the dream of over half a century ago and told about it.

Surgeons agree that in cases of Cuts, Burns, Bruises and Wounds the First Treatment is most important. When an efficient antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, Borozono is the Ideal Antiseptic and Healing Agent. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Price 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

A GERMAN OFFICER TELLS OF HUN DEFEAT

German Pride In War a Draw Punctured By Major

London, April 5.—A recent issue of the Frankfurter Zeitung gives prominence to an important article by a certain Major Paulus—the first plain admission by a German military writer that the German armies were beaten in the field last autumn, and that there can be no question whatever attributing the German collapse to any but military causes.

It has not been sufficiently appreciated that this is the real issue in German affairs, that it is the real issue which German politicians of almost every color are seeking to avoid, and that the course of German internal developments and German policy very largely depends upon the question whether the truth can be hammered into the German people. German Conservatives say that the military collapse was due to the revolution; other parties say that it was due to the blockade; almost all parties rely upon the fact that the allies offered to make peace on terms instead of pressing the military defeat to the point of unconditional surrender. Thus the whole future is menaced by the legend of the undefeated German army.

Begins at Beginning.

Major Paulus begins from the fact that when Ludendorff, at the end of September, called upon Prince Max of Baden to ask for an armistice, the German army was retreating to a line Antwerp-Brussels-Biedenhofen-Metz.

He proceeds to demonstrate that from the moment when Ludendorff was forced to retire to an Antwerp-Metz line he was beaten, "and finally beaten." The truth was that the line Ostend-Itehem-Point-a-Mousson, with its "shoulder" at Rheims, was a "cumulative" front, resulting from the failure of the original German attack in 1914 and the incomplete success of Jeffrey's counter-attack. Just like Cadorna's position on the Isonzo, the line held for years and did not show its weakness until the enemy had sufficient strength seriously to menace the flank.

Paulus thinks that the Ludendorff offensive of March-July, 1918, had a preventive character. In any case strategic effect was finished when Ludewig effect was finished when Ludendorff had no more troops to throw in. When this situation arose it was not the fault of the people at home in Germany. When the Ludendorff offensive was lost the situation of 1914 recurred, and now Ludendorff had no alternative to the appeal for an armistice.

It is an entire mistake to suppose that the line from Antwerp to Metz could have been held. Neither flank was secure. In the North the Dutch frontier left no room for any retreat which would not be a catastrophe. In the center Verdun provided a positive invitation to break through the German line. The line from Biedenhofen to Metz was already outflanked when the St. Mihiel bend was lost. The whole southern front was a mountain front, full of disadvantages and also much too close to the Rhine to be held stubbornly without risk of a catastrophe. Above all, the railway system did not serve for adequate movement of reinforcements to any threatened part.

"Ludendorff the politician proved stronger than Ludendorff the military commander," said Major Paulus. "His strategy staked everything in favor of a pan-German policy of conquest. That was the hour of Ludendorff's fate and end, and the hour of his guilt and the guilt of William II. Whether Ludendorff would have done best to employ those 1,500,000 soldiers against the Macedonian menace to Austria and Bulgaria, or to employ them on the western front is a question of secondary importance.

Where Ludendorff Failed.

"In any case, Ludendorff failed at this decisive hour because he missed the only opportunity which the fortune of the moment threw into his lap of securing in all circumstances the military success which had been his hitherto. His strategic movement on Brest-Litovsk was wrong, and such mistakes are, according to Clausewitz and Moltke, in most cases irreparable."

Paulus declares that Ludendorff and the Kaiser, "owing to insufficient military ability or will," are entirely responsible for the German disaster. He adds:

"We need not discuss the question whether just such a defeat was not the indispensable condition which must precede the moral regeneration of the German people."

Do you get up at night? Sano! is surely the best for all kidney or bladder troubles. Sano! gives relief in 24 hours from all bladder and bladder troubles. Sano! is a guaranteed remedy. 50c and \$1.00 a bottle at the drug store.

Middle Aged Women

Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles.

Freemont, O.—"I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change—heat flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which it surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. GOLDEN, 925 Napoleon St., Freemont, Ohio.

North Haven, Conn.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after everything else had failed when passing through change of life. There is nothing like it to overcome the trying symptoms."—Mrs. FLORENCE ISHELL, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.



In Such Cases

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

has the greatest record for the greatest good

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

CASHING W. S. STAMPS.

Pinched by the high cost of living holders of War-Savings Stamps are cashing them in at the Louisville postoffice, at a rate of \$20,000 a day, which is more than the entire receipts of the postoffice according to Assistant Postmaster J. Allen Lenthers.

These are not only stamps sold at the Louisville office, but at post-offices all over the state, which may be cashed here. Money to meet this drain has been advanced the local postoffice.

This rate of cashing stamps has been in effect for several months, Mr. Lenthers said, and the problem probably will be taken up at a conference of postmasters from seventy-five of the largest cities of the United States called by the Postmaster General at Washington and which Postmaster Ernest T. Schmidt has gone to attend. Fifteen or twenty of the largest mailers in the country also will be at the meeting.

The War-Savings Stamps problem is said to be facing the government in many other cities besides Louisville.—Louisville Times.

Whooping Cough.

Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to keep the cough loose and expectoration easy. It is excellent.

LOOK HERE

Rockport has a picture gallery and is prepared to make what you want—Busts, Full Forms and Family Groups, Copying and Enlarging. Bring me your Kodak Work to Finish.

ADAMS, Rockport, Ky.

GERMANY MUST PAY A SUM IN PENSIONS

Paris, April 4.—Pensions to disabled soldiers and for widows and orphans will be included in the bill to Germany for reparation. The Peace Conference leaders have decided that such relief to individuals for losses and sufferings during the war will be a proper charge under the armistice provisions.

The reparation of losses to the civilian population will constitute a very considerable proportion of the \$50,000,000,000, the amount of the reparation bill as now approximately estimated. In the case of Great Britain the pension bill will probably constitute the largest item of the total claim. It is understood that the United States will not lodge any claim.

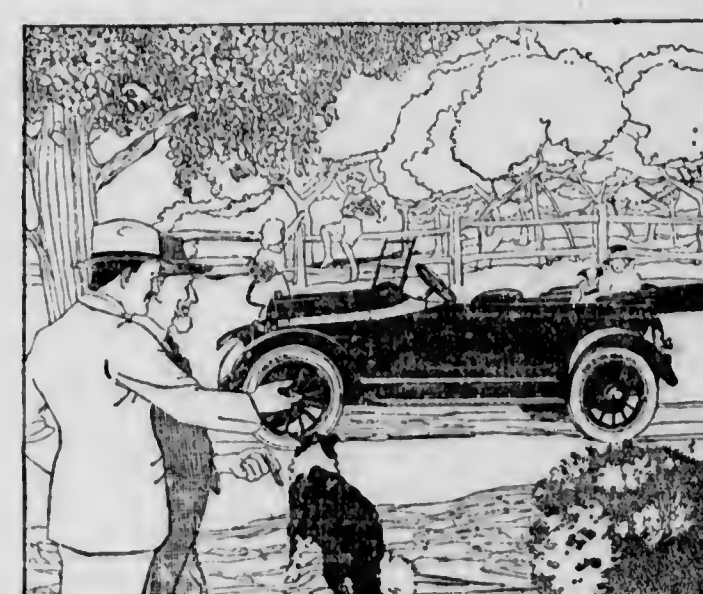
under this head. Americans being covered by the Americans' insurance system.

IF YOUR SHOES NEED REPAIRING

Have it done right. The right way Shoe Repairing Co., of Beaver Dam does it that way. I am their representative here. Bring your shoes to the barbershop and I will forward them to Beaver Dam for you. This saves you the trouble. Remember, at the Barber shop.

D. T. SMITH,
Hartford, Ky.

Overland



"Apple Blossom Time in an Overland"

The keen appreciation and deep respect so freely expressed by over 600,000 Overland owners is an Overland asset of priceless value. Model 90 by its easy riding qualities, economy, sturdiness, and dependable performance, constantly widens the circle of Overland friends and perpetuates Overland prestige. The enthusiasm of owners is your safest buying guide.

Hartford Motor Co.

HARTFORD, KENTUCKY

Overland Model 90 Five Passenger Touring Car \$985; f.o.b. Toledo
Come to our store

The Hartford Republican

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to a new address must give the old
address in making the request.

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per line, and 5c per line for additional
insertion.

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of Thanks, 5c per line, money in ad-
vance.

Church Notices for services free,
but other advertisements, 5c per line.
Anonymous communications will
receive no attention.

TELEPHONES.

Cumberland 123
Farmers Mutual 59

FRIDAY APRIL 11

ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce I.
S. Mason a candidate for Representa-
tive of Ohio county, subject to the
action of the Republican party at
the primary election August 2, 1919.

We are authorized to announce
George Baker, of Muhlenburg county
a candidate for the nomination for
State Senator in the 7th Senatorial
district, composed of the counties of
Muhlenburg, Butler and Ohio, sub-
ject to the action of the Republican
party at the primary election, August
2, 1919.

Within the past month the twenty
cent road tax has been voted on in
Ohio, Hancock, Butler Fayette and
Hopkins counties, and carried in all
of them except Ohio.

The great drive for the Victory
Liberty Loan will open April 21. The
government must have millions to
bring our boys home and it is the
duty of every citizen, who can do so,
to help swell this needed fund.

The Department of Agriculture
forecasts a winter wheat crop of 837-
000,000 bushels, the largest ever
grown in the country. At the govern-
ment guaranteed price this crop
will net the growers \$1,831,620,000.

After hearing senator Lodge for
his criticism of the Wilson-drawn
League of Nations these same Demo-
cratic newspapers are carrying a Lon-
don dispatch which says "Most of the
revisions suggested by senator Lodge
have been accepted by the peace con-
ference at Paris."

The Democratic press berates the
Republican party for the election of
Bill Thompson as mayor of Chicago,
but had Thompson been defeated this
same Democratic press would have
hailed his defeat as a Republican
Waterloo and an endorsement of Wil-
son's League of Nations policy.

The Fiscal court acted with com-
mendable enterprise in making \$25-
000, payable in annual installments
to \$5000 each, available for the con-
struction of a state or federal aid
road anywhere in Ohio county. Bet-
ter roads are coming sometime, and
it were just as well to begin now.

Gen. Jacob Coxey, who featured
the Cleveland administration by lead-
ing an army of tramps to Washing-
ton, is preparing for another inva-
sion of the capital city. His objec-
tive this time is the Initiative and Re-
ferendum. He has invited Bryan,
as the most distinguished advocate of
these measures, to act as his chief
aide.

Prof. Cherry, of Bowling Green has
withdrawn from the race for the
Democratic nomination for governor,
leaving Black, Carroll, Rhea and Den-
hart with their hats in the ring. Ma-
jor Samuel Wilson, of Lexington, is
expected to enter the race. The great
number of candidates entering indi-
cates that no one of them is accepta-
ble to the party as a whole. Let 'em
fight.

Reports from the Versailles peace
conference are disquieting. Little
progress in agreement among the na-
tions at interest is reported. It is
said that President Wilson is con-
templating withdrawing the Ameri-
can delegates from the conference.
The matters of disagreement are not
made public, but it leaks out that
serious differences of opinion exist.
The conferences are being conducted
behind closed doors, and the only in-
formation available is that serious
and maybe fatal differences exist.

The past two years have been har-

est years for our farmers. Labor
has indeed enjoyed high wages, but
labor spends its income. The farm-
ers have made money and saved it,
and are now in a more prosperous
condition than ever before in the
country's history. Another harvest
year is ahead of them, and they
should produce to the limit. Europe
can not feed itself again this year
and will have to draw heavily upon
American food supplies. But this
may be the last of the farmers' har-
vest years and they should not neg-
lect the opportunity to make the best
of it.

The Fiscal court in the Democratic
nomination for governor. For many weeks it looked
like the race was made up with the
entries of Black, Carroll and Cherry.
It was understood that Stanley was
behind the Cherry candidacy, but
Blackham and Haley, now said to be
stranded, had not been heard from.
Then came the candidacy of Tom
Rhea, of Russellville, with Beckham
backing. Now comes Haley, the Mas-
ter Mechanic of the Democratic ma-
chine, with Major Denhart, of Bow-
ling Green. Haley is evidently hoping
to win with a war horse. However,
so far there seems to be little cohe-
sion of the boys overha or over-
there, and the Haley experiment ap-
pears a doubtful one.

The issue of the presidential cam-
paign of next year will not turn upon
the League of Nations, but upon the
profligate waste of billions of dollars
of the people's money by the present
administration. No nation in all
history has approached the wild ex-
travagance practiced by this country
since its entry into the war. The
annual interest charge now will ex-
ceed the total national debt before
the war. As soon as the new Con-
gress assembles investigation into
this gigantic waste will be made, and
the magnitude of unwarranted ex-
penditures will startle the country.
While the nation was in peril the
public was patient, but with pay-
ment it will demand to know how
its substance was spent.

After fifty years of service and
direction of the editorial policy of
the Courier-Journal, Mr. Henry Wat-
terson, editor Emeritus of that pa-
per, has been refused, by the owner,
by the grace of the Flagler millions,
of that once great journal, space in
its columns. The great editor, whose
name as an editorial writer is world
wide, has done the expected and for-
ever severed his relations with the
newspaper he made the boast of
Kentucky and the pride of the nation.
Mr. Watterson's crime was a criticism
of the Most-High at Washington. Mr.
Bingham, rich in inherited millions
but poor in newspaper experience,
dared to deny the prince of writers
the privilege of voicing an honest
sentiment. But a friendly press sent
the message to the country and the
Courier-Journal, not the veteran edi-
tor, is the loser in the game.

The remarkable condition exists
that within almost a year of the date
of the national conventions neither
party can point with any degree of
probability to the personality of its
nominee for the presidency. For
many months it appeared reasonably
certain that son-in-law McAdoo would
have the backing of the administra-
tion, but his five years control of the
railroads blunder put him out of the
running. Had the President been
able to put over his League of Nations
scheme, as he originally planned it,
he would undoubtedly have been a
candidate for a third term. But the
forty signatures discredited him at
home and abroad, and there is now
little probability that his name will
be seriously mentioned for reelection.
The Republicans seem no nearer a
solution of the problem than the
Democrats. Senator Harding, of
Ohio, seems just now the gambler's
best guess, but his nomination is by
no means assured. However, the
Republicans are exercising little an-
xiety about the personnel of their
nominee. The past two years of gov-
ernmental extravagance and autocracy
give them a feeling of confidence that
they can win with just anybody.

SITE FOR NEW COLLEGE AT EVANSVILLE SELECTED

Evansville, Ind., April 8.—Bishop
William F. Anderson, of the Metho-
dist Episcopal Church of Cincinnati
College that is to be moved here from
Moorehill, Ind., met here today with
three members of the National Board
of Education and selected the site
for the new school, seventy acres of
ground near the city having been
purchased.

The College will be opened next
fall in temporary buildings. The city
of Evansville and the Methodist
Episcopal Church of Southern Indi-
ana raised one million dollars to
bring the college here.

District Visitor—When you are
tempted to drink think of your wife
at home.

Visited One—Madame, when the
thirst is upon me I am absolutely de-
void of fear.

LOCAL NEWS AND SOCIAL EVENTS

When you do your House Clean-
ing and repairing and find that you
are in need of a nice piece of furni-
ture see the furniture dealers for
your wants.
4012 ACTON BROS.

Messrs. Sam Gaines, Dick Neel,
Dr. Clarence DeWeese, John Mason
and Rod Whittinghill, of Fordsville,
were here Wednesday, to meet the
Fiscal court in the matter of the pro-
posed highway between Louisville
and Owensboro.

ICE—Will start the ice delivery
first day of April. Price and terms
same as last season. Please watch
for the wagon and conserve man
and horse power. Call on the ice
boy for Ice Cards.
3914 ELLIS ICE CO.

Kentucky Creameries loaded a car
of eggs at Hartford, last week, for
which 35 cents per dozen was paid.
Four hundred cases of thirty dozen
each made up the load. This was
the first car of eggs ever loaded out
of Ohio county.

We hope our correspondents will
wake up a little oftener. If you are
out of stationery call or write us for
supply. We must have correspondence
not later than Wednesday. We
received two communications too late
for use last week.

Hancock county, which recently
voted the twenty cent road tax, is
holding meetings in the magisterial
districts at which, under the super-
vision of the Fiscal court, the citizens
of the district are electing Foremen
to have charge of the work in the
districts.

Mr. Leonard Wallace, of Sour
Lake, Texas, renews his allegiance
to the Republican, expresses good
will for the management, and inci-
dently mentions that if we hear of a
well digger who is out of a job, to
put said well digger to work on his
farm, near Rosine.

The board of supervisors, in ses-
sion last week, made a number of re-
ductions in assessments where it ap-
peared property had been listed too
high. The board at its first session
made raises amounting to between
\$175,000 and \$200,000, which was
the smallest raise made in many
years.

Special Easter Service at the Meth-
odist church. Those having special
contributions to make to a service
of such beauty and pleasure as an Easter
service are requested to meet at
the Church tonight (Friday) and
help in the arranging of the program
and practice.

Quarterly meeting at Mt. Hermon
next Saturday and Sunday. Preach-
ing by the Presiding Elder, Rev. L. K.
May, at 11 o'clock Saturday and Sun-
day. Business session Saturday at
2:00 P. M. o'clock. Election of Dele-
gates to District Conference and other
important matters. Let every Of-
ficial arrange to be present. A full
report along all lines is very desir-
able.

On account of personal affairs de-
manding his attention county farm
demonstrator W. W. Browder has
tendered his resignation, effective
May 1, to the Fiscal court. The re-
signation of Mr. Browder is a real
loss to Ohio county farming interests.
He was honest, industrious, capable
and had the interests of the farmers
truly at heart. As a citizen, we shall
all regret to lose him.

We are advised of the marriage of
Miss Lue Mae Hardin, formerly of
Ohio county, to Mr. Edwin Sullivan,
at Cincinnati. Miss Hardin has been
a nurse in a private Sanitarium in
Cincinnati for several months. Mr.
and Mrs. Sullivan will visit in Ohio
county soon. They will be accom-
panied here by Mrs. Sullivan's sister,
Mrs. Lula Fulkerson, who has also
been a nurse at the sanitarium.

There are no years-old accounts on
our subscription list now, and there
will not be any more. If you want
the Republican to continue as a week-
ly visitor watch the yellow slip on
your paper, and when your time ex-
pires send in your renewal. If you
do not believe we are adopting a cash
basis we can give you a list of five
hundred witnesses whom we have
dropped from our mailing list in
the past year.

Dr. T. G. Turner, of Muhlenburg
county, was here Wednesday in the
interest of his candidacy for the Re-
publican nomination for state sena-
tor. Dr. Turner is an old time Re-
publican, and has been a leader of
his party in his county for many
years. He has seen service in the
senate, and is fitted for the public
service he asks at the hands of the
people. See his announcement else-

where in this issue of the Republi-
can.

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

Carthage

Carthage is one of the most famous
cities of ancient history. It was
founded about 800 B. C., on the
northern coast of Africa, on the
Mediterranean sea. A century before
the beginning of the Christian era
it had a population of 700,000 souls.
The newer city of Rome, jealous of
its prosperity, destroyed it about the
fifth century. Carthage was the city
of Hannibal, one of the world's great-
est military generals. Today only
rugged ruins mark the spot where
once stood the greatest city of antiq-
uity.

Henry Clay

This noted Kentucky statesman
was a native of Virginia, but came to
Lexington, Ky., as a young man,
where he soon took rank as a lawyer.
Mr. Clay's legislative service would
appear remarkable at the present
time. He was elected to the state
legislature in 1803. In 1806 he was
appointed to fill out an unexpired
term in the United States Senate. He
was again elected to the state legisla-
ture in 1808, and was sent to the
United States Senate to fill out an-
other unexpired term. In 1811 he
was elected to the lower house of
congress, and served five terms, most
of which time he was Speaker. He
was later sent to the Senate, where
he remained until the time of his
death. His service was unusual in
that he served both in the Kentucky
legislature and the lower house of
congress after he had served a part
of two terms in the United States sen-
ate.

Gerrymander.

As used in our political vernacular
gerrymander means the act of the
party in power in redistricting a di-
vision in an unequal and unfair man-
ner, in order to give the dominant
party an advantage in elections. It
is strictly legal and yet a very rascally
practice, yet both parties resort
to it as opportunity offers. The word
was coined in 1812 when Elbridge
Jerry was governor of Massachusetts,
under whom a partisan legislature re-
districted the state with the most re-
dulous divisions in order to give
the dominant party a majority in the
state legislature. Jerry was sponsor
for the absurd districting, hence the
name.

SPOTTED TYPHUS IS EPIDEMIC IN WESTERN RUSSIA

Washington, April 8.—Spotted ty-
phus is epidemic in Ukraine, Poland,
Serbia, and portions of Western Rus-
sia. State Department advises to-day
state. Because of its menace to Cen-
tral and Western Europe, the Red
Cross of Austria has appealed for aid
from outside Red Cross organiza-
tions.

TO THE VOTERS OF OHIO COUNTY



I come to you as a life long Re-
publican and I can tell you that I
have faithfully served the grand
old party ever since my first vote,
which was cast for U. S. Grant.

I am 63 years of age and have
practiced medicine in Muhlenburg
County 35 years.

I served the unexpired term of Dr.
James in the Senate when he resign-
ed as U. S. Marshal and was elected
to the lower house two years later.
In 1900, I have no fight to make
against my opponents, who are all
gentlemen as far as I know.

I feel that I am as well qualified
to fill the place as any man on the
track, and also feel that I can add as
much prestige to the ticket as any
of them. But if I am defeated this
time it will be too late when it comes
Muhlenburg's time again.

I am now getting old and would
like to have this chance to serve my
people.

I ask you to support me with all
sincerity and will promise you that
your business will be mine and that
it will certainly be looked after,
should I be successful in this race for
Senator.

Please give me your support at
Primary, August 2, 1919.

With best wishes I am,
yours for success,
T. G. TURNER, M. D.

FORMER KENTUCKY MILLIONAIRE "BROKE"

Washington, April 8.—Kentucky
circles in Washington and New
York were much interested today in
an announcement that Ben Ali Hag-
gin, of New York, formerly of Lex-

Wirthover \$1.00 Waists



Just as the name indicates, the Waists are, when
judged from every prevailing standard measurement
of Waists worth over a dollar. However, as so many
folks know we have the inside prices on Waists of all
kinds, due to our very friendly intimate co-operation
with the foremost Blouse makers of America. Just
as you can get a better Waist here—far better—than
can be found elsewhere at \$1.00, for the self-same
reason you can get incomparably better values at all
other prices.

We illustrate one of the two new models in dol-
lar Waists which have just been received. They are
just as good as they are good looking, and are war-
ranted to give entirely satisfactory wear.

Carson & Co.

Hartford, Ky.

Farming Implements, Wagons, Buggies.

We Have Them
Quality Right
Prices Right

Don't fail to get our prices
on any of the following that
you may need.

John Deere Wagons, Ow-
ensboro Wagons, Ames Bug-
gies, Blount Chilled Plows,
Oliver Chilled Plows, John
Deere Sulky Plows, Two-row
Corn Planters, One-row
Corn Planters, Riding Culti-
vators, Disc Harrows.

Write to-day. We can
save you money.

Fordsville Planing Mill Company

JAKE WILSON, Manager FORDSVILLE, KY.

ington, Ky., has filed a petition in
bankruptcy.

Young Haggin, who is an artist, is
said to have inherited \$12,000,000 of
the \$50,000,000 estate of his grand-
father, James B. Haggin, millionaire
mine owner of Lexington.

He married Bonnie Glass, a Broad-
way dancer, after a divorce from Mrs.
Faith Robinson Haggin. His close
friends knew of his financial reverses
but none were aware that he was
all in financially.

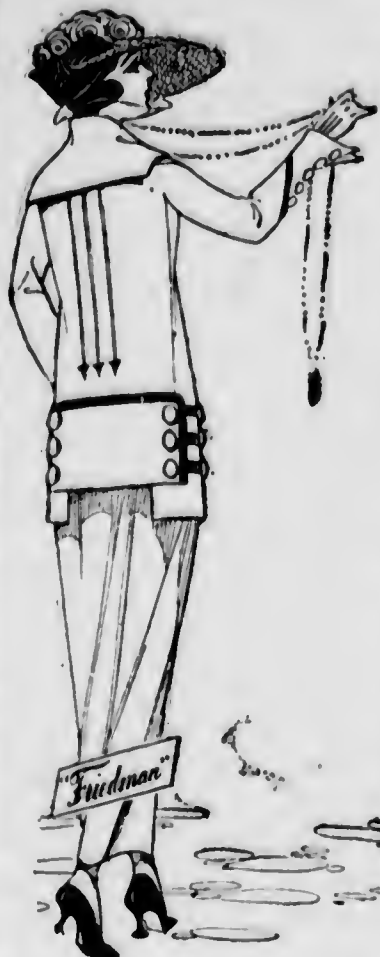
NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the
business heretofore transacted un-
der the firm name and style of Dox-
ter & Lindley, which business was
that of selling Reo automobiles, was
dissolved by mutual consent in the
year 1916, and since which time the
said Lindley has had the agency for
the sale of said cars.

This March 27, 1919.

C. A. LINDLEY,
Centertown, Ky.

4013-pd



Easter Wear

Coats
Coat Suits
Dresses

We want to call special attention to our Ready-to-Wear Department. We are making unusual efforts to place this department to the front, hence are daily receiving the newest styles from the eastern markets.

COAT SUITS—Serges, Gabardines, Wool Poppins in all the new spring shades, priced from \$15.00 to \$35.00.

COATS AND CAPES—Our coats are well-selected and come in the new spring shades from \$12.50 to \$35.00.

SKIRTS AND WAISTS—A large and varied line of new skirts and waists in all the latest styles and cloths. New waists in Georgette, Jap Silks, Crepe de Chine, from \$2.50 to \$10.00.

Would it not be better to see your home merchant before sending that mail order or visiting another town to do your shopping?

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Judge Mack Cook moved Tuesday to his residence, on Frederica street.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Rowe, of Centertown, were in Louisville, Sunday.

Moline Riding Plows and two horse Riding Cultivators.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Riley were in Louisville a few days the first of the week.

Mrs. James Bennett went to Kronos, Saturday, where she was the guest of relatives until Monday.

Mrs. Kate Napier, of Evansville, Indiana, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Leach, at Rosine.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Barnes, of Beaver Dam, went to Louisville Sunday and returned Tuesday evening.

For Sale—One buggy horse and two young mules.
W. M. HAYNES,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

Mrs. Ramey Duke went to Selet Saturday to spend a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Stewart.

Five Shovel and 14 tooth one horse cultivators, fifty and sixty tooth section Harrows.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Hancock left yesterday for Texas, where Mr. Hancock is engaged in work in the oil fields.

SEED POTATOES—Irish Cohlers, Early Rose, Early Ohio and Six-Weeks or Early Triumph.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Dr. E. W. Ford left Wednesday with his son, Edward, for Louisville, where the boy will undergo an operation for appendicitis.

We have just gotten a car of good mixed Hay, Clover, Red Top and Timothy. Get our low lot price.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mrs. Howard Ellis and baby are spending the week with Mrs. Howard's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Y. Taylor, at Maceo.

Mrs. Mattie Rowe, who has spent several weeks with Miss Mary Rowe, has returned to her home at Ft. Smith, Arkansas.

Miss Bessie Clark, who had been a guest of Miss Amelia Little for several days, returned to her home, near Sunnydale, Monday.

The Star Theater had a packed house Tuesday night. William S. Hart, king of the screen actors, was the major attraction.

County Attorney A. D. Kirk attended the Louisville to Owensboro road meeting at the Seelbach Hotel, in Louisville, last night.

Only one marriage license was issued in the county clerk's office this week; T. P. Aubrey and Mrs. Rhoda Whittier, both of Fordville.

Lee Robinson, son of Mr. Joe Robinson, of this city, who is with the Coast Artillery, in California, has recently married a western girl.

Mr. W. S. Tinsley was in Louisville Monday and Tuesday, attending a meeting of county Publicity Directors of the fourth coming bond sale.

Be sure you see the International combined Shovel and Disc two horse riding Cultivators before you purchase.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Miss Bessie Gillespie, a graduate nurse of Louisville, returned to that city yesterday, after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bob Gillespie.

We will have a car of Jones' Fertilizer in at once. Call us immediately. You can save money by getting it at the car door.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mrs. Warner Persley, of Cadiz, visited her father, Mr. E. P. Thomas, last week-end. Mrs. Warner was accompanied home by her niece, Miss Lucile Schroeter.

Visit us for your needs in Wall Paper. Our line is complete and our prices are lowest.
OHIO COUNTY DRUG CO.
4112 Incorporated.

Miss Lillian Tichenor, who has been attending school at Bowling Green, is spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Tichenor, at McHenry.

Wanted—All kinds of country produce. Highest market price paid. Get our prices on butter and eggs before selling.
BEAVER DAM COAL CO.
3915 Taylor Mines.

Rev. C. D. Stevens will preach at the Third Baptist church, in Owensboro, Sunday.

The Ladies Rest Room is open here every day, and ladies from the country should feel themselves welcome there.

J. D. Cooper, cashier of the Bank of Fordville, was in Louisville first of the week, attending the Victory Liberty Loan Convention.

Miss Annie Ray Carson, who has been attending the Louisville Conservatory of Music for several months, will return home tomorrow.

Don't fail to see the real, armored, sure-enough war tank here on the 16th. It will be in action on the street. Hours, from 7 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Mr. Robert Bennett and wife, of Portland, Oregon, arrived Tuesday night for a two weeks visit with Mr. Bennett's parents, Rev. and Mrs. R. D. Bennett.

We have a full line of new Brussels and Axminster Rugs, can save you money too. See our patterns before buying.
4012 ACTON BROS.

Mr. Gobel Crowe and Miss Edna Black, city, and Mr. Carl Sandefur, of Beaver Dam, and Miss Blanch Park, of Taylor Mines, motored to Owensboro Sunday.

Mrs. C. M. Barnett will leave tomorrow for Nashville, Tennessee, to be with her daughter, Mrs. E. W. Cooper, who will undergo an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. Warder Gardener, of Morgantown, has accepted a position with Barnes Brothers, at Beaver Dam, and with his mother, Mrs. A. B. Gardener, will move to that city.

Don't fail to see us for that new cook Stove or Range that you are going to buy, for we can save you money on your purchase.
4012 ACTON BROS.

Acton brothers have a car load of brick on the ground, ready to begin the erection of their new business house, at the north west corner of the street crossing near the bridge.

Special One Day Fair, at Hartford Fair Grounds July 4th, 1919. We make this early announcement so that people having stock to exhibit will have time to get ready. 4112

If an incident of news occurs in your neighborhood please take the trouble to call us and report it. It will not give you much trouble and will be a favor to us and our readers.

A special term of the Ohio circuit court will begin Monday, April 21. It will continue two weeks and be followed by the regular term beginning the first Monday in May.

Lieut. and Mrs. Gilmore Keown are the parents of their first born, a girl. Mrs. Keown is at St. Joseph's Hospital, in Louisville, and Lieut. Keown is with the American army in France.

Mr. Pearl Sandefur, a former employee of this office who recently married, set up for housekeeping Tuesday, and was the grateful recipient of a kitchen shower of more than fifty pieces.

Bobbie C. Her and son, of Rockport, were here Wednesday, and upon leaving for home in a buggy one of the horses became frightened, the team ran away, demolishing the buggy, but the occupants escaped injury.

Our stock of Paints and Oils is larger than ever before. Prices range from \$5.00 to \$4.40 per gallon, according to brand. We are agents for the famous Sherwin-Williams brands.
OHIO COUNTY DRUG CO.
4112 Incorporated.

After a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Coppage, at Dundee, Mrs. Tula Hewley and little daughter have returned to their home at Whitling, Indiana. Mrs. Hewley was accompanied home by her brother, Mr. Jesse Coppage.

Mrs. Mattie Barrett, who has spent the past three years in Texas, returned to Hartford Monday. Mrs. Barrett has many friends in Hartford, including the editor of this paper and his wife, who were formerly her neighbors, and will gladly welcome her back to the "Old Home Town."

Mr. Ramey Duke was in Hopkinsville Sunday to see his brother, Capt. Earl Bennett, who is taking treatment there. Capt. Bennett is not insane, but is suffering from periodic recurrences of a nervous trouble, resulting from a sunstroke while he was in the military service in the Philippines, several years ago.

A Dollar in The Bank Is Worth Two in the Hand!

It piles up in the Bank before you know it. A dollar in the Bank is doubly valuable. It adds to your self-respect and helps your credit.

BANK OF HARTFORD

Hartford, Kentucky.

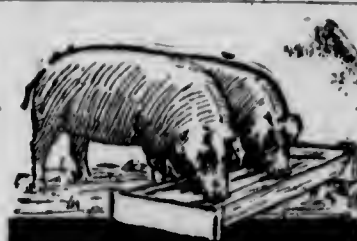
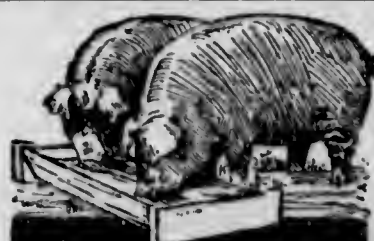
FORD

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Ford cars are important servants everywhere. They help the family enjoy life, bring the pleasures and advantages of the town within reach of the farmer and give practical service every day in country and town. They require a minimum of attention; any one can run the Ford and care for it, but it is better to have repairs and replacements taken care of by those who are familiar with the work and have the tools, the genuine materials, and skilled men to do the work promptly. We pledge Ford owners the reliable Ford service with real Ford parts and standard Ford prices.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.

Beaver Dam, Ky.



THESE BIG PIGS
GOT
HOG-TONE

THESE LITTLE PIGS
GOT
NONE

G. R. Ogden, of Shinnston, W. Va., says: "I have used AVALON FARMS HOG-TONE 56 days and I think it is the best medicine I ever used. I have two pigs 4 months and 3 days old that weigh 360 pounds, one 6 pounds heavier than the other. They are 100 pounds heavier than my neighbor's 2 of the same litter and feed."

This is the experience of a typical user of Hog-Tone. There are hundreds and hundreds of letters on file at the Avalon Farms Company's office from nearly every state in the Union, all telling of big improvement in hogs and in hog profits through the use of Hog-Tone, the scientifically prepared Hog Conditioner, Fattener and Worm Remover. Hog-Tone is sold on 60 days' Free Trial under an absolute money-back guarantee. Come in the store and tell us how many hogs you have in your herd and we will give you enough Hog-Tone to treat all of them 60 days. You don't have to pay for it unless you are absolutely satisfied. The decision is left entirely to you.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING NOW TO TRY
60 DAYS' TREATMENT OF
AVALON FARMS HOG-TONE
— THE LIQUID HOG FATTENER, CONDITIONER AND WORM REMOVER —
FOR ALL YOUR HOGS
— FOR SALE BY —
OHIO COUNTY DRUG CO.
(Incorporated.)
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY, APRIL 11

M., H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.
South Bound, No. 116—
Due at Hartford 9:05 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford 6:45 p. m.
(Both "Mixed" Trains.)

Personal News and Social Events.

U. S. CARSON has the American fence.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Smith were in Owensboro Wednesday.

RED SLATE asphalt Roofing.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. M. F. Chumley, of Shinnston, was in town Wednesday.

All kinds of feed and field Seeds.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Keown spent Sunday with relatives at Broadway.

Osborne Disc Harrows with and without tandem attachment.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

American field and poultry Fence and Barbed Wire.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. Wat Taylor, of Matanzas, recently returned from a fishing trip in Florida.

Hoosier 1 & 2 row Corn Drills, also Empire Corn Drills.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. Templeton Yates, of Bells Run, a well-known citizen, is dead at the age of 77.

Miss Etta Holder returned Monday from a visit with friends at Whitesville.

You can get nice, solid Southern Queen seed Sweet Potatoes at
ACTON BROS.

Miss May Godsey, of Kronos, is visiting Misses Marlon and Louise Hill this week.

Rev. A. D. Litchfield was in Louisville a few days early in the week.

County Attorney, A. D. Kirk, was in Owensboro Saturday and Sunday.

For Field, Poultry and Stock fencing and Barbed Wire, see
4012 ACTON BROS.

VULCAN Chilled turning and New Ground Plows
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Miss Mariliss Foster, of Hefflin, is the guest of her brother, Mr. Ellis Foster.

Mrs. Louis Fulkerson returned yesterday from a visit with friends at Kronos.

The W. O. W., at Shinnston, sent in twelve new applications for membership, last week.

Miss Nollie Rhoads will go to Dundee tomorrow to be the guest of Miss Veneta Barnard.

Mr. Tom Stratton, of Cromwell, returned Tuesday from a business trip to Louisville.

Mr. Henderson Murphree, of Owensboro, was in town a couple of days the first of the week.

Judge John H. Wilson has been confined to his room with a severe cold, for several days.

Rev. M. G. Snell has been called to the pastorate of the Dundee Baptist church for the next year.

Attorney Otto Martin was in Morgantown, Monday, to make a land sale, as Master Commissioner.

Twenty head of young stock cattle for sale.
C. B. CARDEN,
Hartford, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. Dewey Southard, of Marwick, visited the family of Mr. Joe Miller, at Horse Branch, Sunday.

Spring Renewals—House Paints, Floor Paints and Varnishes of latest colors, see
4012 ACTON BROS.

Miss Ethel Coppage, of Dundee, was the guest of Miss Mary Fentress, at Narrows, Saturday night and Sunday.

MEDICAL OFFICERS NEGLIGENT, CHARGE

Blame Placed For Failure To Prevent Typhoid Among Troops

Washington, April 4.—Charges of gross carelessness and negligence in preventing and controlling the spread of typhoid and paratyphoid fevers in the army are made against many medical officers serving with the forces overseas in a circular published by the chief surgeon of the American Expeditionary Forces and made public here today by the Public Health Service in connection with a warning that vaccination does not give complete immunity from typhoid.

The chief surgeon cites many instances where epidemics prevailed among troops, especially during the last offensive on the western front, and points out that the occurrence and distribution of diseases was constantly brought to the attention of the medical officers through weekly bulletins.

"It would appear," the circular continues, "that many officers utterly failed to grasp the significance of these reports and warnings, a fact which may be due to a false sense of security under the popular belief that vaccination against typhoid and paratyphoid gives complete immunity even in the midst of gross unsanitary conditions."

"Notwithstanding the fact that typhoid and paratyphoid fevers are epidemic in the United States and in spite of our extensive experience with these diseases during the Spanish-American war and later during the period of mobilization on the Mexican border, it is evident that many medical officers have gained but little knowledge of the fundamental principles underlying prevention and control. It is also quite evident that some medical officers are grossly careless and neglectful of their duties and responsibilities as medical officers and sanitarians."

"It is fully recognized," the circular says, "that the conditions brought about by the mobilization of millions of men and the active participation in the war of two million of these have at times rendered sanitary control extremely difficult, especially during the stress of active combat. The high standards of sanitation and personal hygiene set by the army medical department during the previous decade, it adds, were not lived up to during the past two years, due to a combination of factors the more important of which was the lack of facilities and material transportation difficulties and insufficient training and personnel."

"However," the circular says, "many medical officers serving with combatant and S. O. S. units have been able to overcome all handicaps, and have by wise counsel and eternal vigilance succeeded in keeping their units in excellent fighting trim."

The chief surgeon warns his subordinates that now the excuse "there is a war on" no longer will be tolerated and that they will be held responsible for proper supervision of the health of troops, nearly all of whom are now in sanitary training areas or in the Army of Occupation where proper instruction and measures can be instituted and enforced.

If I Were a Farmer.

If I were a farmer I would keep at hand a few reliable medicines for minor ailments that are not so serious as to require the attention of a physician, such as Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, colds and croup.

Chamberlain's Liniment, for sprains, bruises and rheumatic pains.

Chamberlain's Tablets for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation.

By having these articles at hand it would often save the trouble of a trip to town in the busiest season or in the night, and would enable me to treat slight ailments as soon as they appear, and thereby avoid the more serious diseases that so often follow.

THE PLUCKY SERBIANS.

Serbian soldiers may be seen on all the roads of Serbia, from the southern frontiers to the Danube, slowly making their way to their homes, on foot, the war over, their fighting done—a long trail for these plucky defenders of Serbia, who stood in the mountain trenches for four years without release and went through the last campaign without a woman nurse, without anesthetic for their wounded.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

AMERICA'S GREAT WEALTH VIRTUALLY UNTOUCHED IN WAR

FINANCIAL AUTHORITIES SAY
MONEY IS MORE PLENTIFUL
THAN EVER BEFORE.

EXPENSES ARE LESSENING

People Are Firmly Convinced of the
Value of Liberty Loan Invest-
ments.

Financial authorities insist that money is more plentiful than ever before. In last December official reports showed the per capita circulation of money in the United States by far the highest it ever had been. There has been little change in this respect since that date. Money is still comparatively plentiful and the prospects of a general international readjustment of shipping and of exchange rates, coupled with a redistribution of the world's foodstuffs is bringing about a new feeling of confidence in all business circles.

American resources have hardly been touched by the demands made upon them by the war. Of all the nations in the conflict America has actually felt the pinch of war the least. Its vast stocks of raw materials were drawn upon freely through four years of warfare without impairing them. Its citizens were not called upon for anything like the amount of war loans, comparatively speaking that our Allies were forced to meet. The country is amply able to take up another loan without feeling the strain.

War expenses are lessening and the various industries are slowly coming back to a peace basis after a long period spent under war conditions. The balance of trade is greatly in the favor of this country and there is a general disposition to feel that the worst has been met and successfully passed.

Our Excessive Exports.

In 1918 American exports exceeded our imports by \$3,050,000,000. Doubtless this will be reduced somewhat in the future, but for many a long day Europe and a considerable part of the balance of the world will make America the buying place for a very considerable part of their necessities.

With these and other positive figures showing the enormous wealth of America before him, is there any one who will insist that this country is unable to float another Liberty Loan? If so he is argued down and silenced by the temper and the disposition of the American people who feel that they have put their shoulders to the wheel and that they will continue to shove with all their might until the work they have undertaken has been completed.

For a good many months now this country has been given over to the business of war. Every energy and every industrial plant was directed toward war work, directly or indirectly. When the armistice was signed the wheels of the vast and intricate machine were moving so rapidly that they could not be stopped over night. There had to be a period of slowing down the war machine. There was a time when this great machine stopped and was reversed. We are still in the time of its reversal, in the time when men are being demobilized, war plants are giving way to peace plans. The machine is backing up now and tearing itself to pieces, a job that is as slow and as delicate as setting it up and starting it going.

Prosperity is sure.

Nevertheless it is being done with more speed than at first was thought possible. The savings banks are full of money, buyers are beginning to return to wholesaling centers in their old-time numbers and the stocks of manufactured articles, made at the peak of war time conditions, is beginning to diminish.

Then, too, the American people have been thoroughly convinced of the value of Liberty Bonds as a sound investment.

In the first loan drives the feeling of patriotism, of rallying to the national standard with the last man and the last dollar, smothered most of the other excellent reasons for buying Liberty Bonds. In this Fifth Loan, the "Victory Issue," the people are considering the wonderful investment qualities of the notes (short-term bonds). They are looking to the future, to the assured interest, to the safeguarded principal and are buying with these points in view.

The announcement that this Victory Loan will be the last of the Liberty Loan issues has brought about a realization that they should be bought while they may still be had. Knowing that the future will see these bonds of all issues go to a premium, the investor who is looking for safety as well as returns, is anxiously considering just how many of the notes of the Fifth and last issue he will be able to take.

Finish the Work.

All that you have done before
Will still be incomplete
Unless you buckle to once more,
The Victory Loan to meet.

8TH DISTRICT LOAN DIRECTOR SOUNDS CALL TO VICTORY

"GET BACK ON THE JOB" IS MES-
SAGE TO WORKERS IN LIB-
ERTY NOTES CAMPAIGN.

TO BE EASIEST TO SELL

Going to Battle Line With Same En-
thusiasm As in the Previous
Bond Drives.

By WM. R. COMPTON,
Federal Director of War Loan.

This will be the last of all the great loans which the Liberty Loan Organization has been called upon to place and when the campaign closes on May 10th, the job will be finished. Success will surely come to the Eighth District, as it has in previous campaigns, and we shall leave behind us an unbroken record, and history will know that the people of this section of America proudly accomplished their portion of the financial undertakings of our Government incident to the great war for Freedom and Liberty.

I have heard some people express the thought that since the armistice was signed there is no individual responsibility to finance our nation. I am firmly convinced that this is not the thought of the great American people and when there has been brought squarely home to them the realization that the debts and obligations of the United States of America are the debts of each individual, that severally and collectively, when we entered this war we pledged our entire assets and income to carry on until the last penny had been paid, and that national honor can only be saved through each individual doing his part to maintain the credit of our great country, there will be no trouble in placing this loan as others have been placed heretofore.

The loan will be attractive as to terms, maturity and payment. It will mean an investment which will be sought after by men of wealth as well as those of modest means, but it must be remembered that no financial undertaking running into the billions of dollars can be placed entirely with people who have idle money and who are seeking investment in an interest bearing security. It therefore becomes necessary for each to do his or her share.

Someone said that a part of this money was wasted. My answer to this is that war is waste. It is waste of life, of human energy, of property, of raw material. It is waste of mental. We undertook to do a tremendous job and to finish it at the earliest possible moment. It was finished—months, nay years, in anticipation of the wildest dreams of our people. It was finished because of a reckless expenditure of funds; it was finished in time to avoid the slaughter and sacrifice of hundreds of thousands of our gallant young men. It was finished in time to avoid the payment of billions upon billions of dollars which would have been incident to even one year more of active warfare, and in the waste of hurried preparedness we saved. We saved all that was dear to us—first and greatest of all, the lives of our sons; and second, our material property and income—and we may share for all time to come the freedom of a free people. We have little to grumble about and everything for which to be thankful.

I send this message to every faithful Liberty Loan worker: Get back on the Victory Loan; do it quickly! Promote enthusiasm in your city, county, community. This should be and this will be the easiest loan of all to sell and we are going to the battle line with the same enthusiasm, with the same determination for success, that brought victory to the great American Army on the far distant shores of suffering France on that fateful day of November 11, 1918!

GREATEST WAR PICTURES

Treasury Department to Send Out
Drawing, "The Price of Peace."

The Treasury Department is soon to send out over the country the greatest war picture ever drawn.

It will be called "The Price of Peace" and is an assembling of the most thrilling of the thousands of feet of film taken by official photographers of the war college who followed the Yank from his home to the front and back again.

The film will be released only through Liberty Loan committees and will be shown free.

IF YOU DON'T LIKE OUR LIB-
ERTY LOAN, TRY GERMANY'S.

THE VICTORY LOAN.

Now guns of war are rusting,
No more the legions smash,
The weed springs in the dugout,
The battle fire is ash,
So hats off to the doughboy,
And hats off to the girl,
The Victory Loan is coming,
Let's finish up the job!

ODDS TWO TO ONE IN FAVOR OF ALLIES

Washington, April 5.—The central powers faced odds of greater than two to one in mobilized troops when Germany gave up the fight last November. The estimated aggregate strength of the enemy powers at that time, according to official estimates made public today by Gen. March, chief of staff, was 7,630,000. The indicated aggregate allied strength on the date was more than 16,700,000.

The situation is disclosed in the figures received by the War Department from France, giving the present status of the belligerent armies. They show the central powers, on March 1 had under arms 1,125,000 men, while the allied forces aggregated 13,366,000.

Following is Gen. March's statement:

"We have received from France some rather interesting figures about the demobilization of the central powers and the demobilization of the entire allied forces to include February. The demobilization has been going on, of course, since then, but the figures show what has been happening over there. The central powers' figures are:

	Estimated strength on Nov. 11.	By Feb.
Bulgaria	500,000	129,000
Germany	4,500,000	820,000
Turkey	400,000	70,000
Austria	2,230,000	106,000

"The total force of the central powers on Nov. 11 was estimated at 7,630,000. This had been reduced to include to February to 1,125,000, or to 15 per cent of their strength. On the same day on which this report was made the strength of the allied forces was 13,366,000 or 75 per cent of the strength which they had on Nov. 11.

Turning to demobilization of the American army, Gen. March said the second anniversary of the entrance of the United States into the world war found the restoration of American manhood to civil life more than 40 per cent complete. On returns up to April 1 the army had been reduced to an aggregate strength of 2,055,718. For that force Gen. March has set a mark of 310,000 discharges per month, toward which progress is being made. Actual discharges up to and including April 5 aggregated 1,624,171 officers and men.

For the stomach and bowel disorders of babies McGee's Baby Elixir is a remedy of genuine merit. It acts quickly, is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Oblo County Drug Company.

THE CROSS-THE-OCEAN AIR RACE

Tension is at high pitch in Washington over the coming flight of aeroplanes across the Atlantic. It is determined to win at all hazards and every ounce of energy is being expended by the Navy Department to have machines, men and everything in tip-top shape so that the moment the right opportunity and weather conditions permit there will be no hitch anywhere. While much of the government's plans have been made public, there is considerable secrecy upon the part of the Naval officials as to many features that are hoped will act as a surprise to those in charge of similar work for the other governments participating in the race. The cross-the-ocean air flight is a live topic of talk in the Nation's Capital.

Heart

Attacks come when least expected. Directly some ill feeling makes you aware that you have a Heart is the time to commence taking some treatment.

Dr. Miles' Heart Treatment

is a Tonic and Regulator recommended in Functional Heart Disorders.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—R. W. Slack, Owensboro.
Com'th. Attorney—C. E. Smith, Hartford.
Clerk—A. C. Porter, Hartford.
Master Commissioner—Otto C. Martin, Hartford.
Trustee Jury Fund—Cal F. Keown, Hartford.
1st Monday in March—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.
1st Monday in May—12 days—Civil.
1st Monday in July—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.
3d Monday in September—12 days—Civil.
4th Monday in November—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

COUNTY COURT.

Meets first Monday in each month.
Judge—Muck Cook.
County Atty.—A. D. Kirk.
Clerk—W. C. Blankenship.
Sheriff—S. A. Bratcher.
Superintendent—E. S. Howard.
Jailer—Worth Tichenor.
Tax Commissioner—D. E. Ward.
Surveyor—C. S. Moxley.
Coroner—E. P. Rodgers.

FISCAL COURT.

Meets first Tuesday in April and October.
1st District—Ed Shown, Hartford, Route 3.
2nd District—Sam L. Stevens, Beaver Dam.
3rd District—Q. B. Brown, Simons.
4th District—G. W. Rowe, Centertown.
5th District—W. C. Daugherty, Balzertown.
6th District—W. S. Dean, Dundee.
7th District—B. F. Rice, Fordsville.
8th District—B. C. Rhoades, Hartford, Route 5.

HARTFORD.

Mayor—J. E. Bean.
Clerk—J. A. Howard.
Police Judge—C. M. Crowe.
Marshal—E. P. Casebler.

ROCKFORD.

Ch'm'n. Board—James Wilson.
Clerk—Rushing Hunt.
Police Judge—John T. Jackson.
Marshal—Will Langford.

BEAVER DAM.

Ch'm'n. Board—W. T. McKenney.
Clerk—R. W. King.
Police Judge—J. W. Cooper.
Marshal—R. F. Stevens.

FORDSVILLE.

Ch'm'n. Board—W. R. Jones.
Clerk—Olin Cobb.
Police Judge—C. P. Kessinger.
Marshal—Grant Pollard.

OFFICIAL SCHOOL CALENDAR.

County Board of Education.
E. S. Howard, S. S. O. C.
Div. No. 1—J. M. Hoover, Hartford, Ky.
Div. No. 2—O. W. Duff, Fordsville, Ky.
Div. No. 3—H. L. Carter, Narrows, Ky.
Div. No. 4—Robert Goff, Rosine, Ky.
Div. No. 5—Otis H. Stevens, Beaver Dam, Ky.
Div. No. 6—Nat Lindley, Centertown, Ky.

Time of Meeting—1st Monday in February; 1st Monday in April; 1st Monday in June; 1st Monday in August; 1st Monday in October; 1st Monday in December.

County Board of Examiners 1919—E. S. Howard S. S. O. C., Ellis Sandefur, W. S. Hill.

Jan. 24 and 25—Common school diploma examination. Hartford, Beaver Dam and Fordsville.

May, 9 and 10—Common school Beaver Dam and Fordsville.

May, 16 and 17—County teachers' examination. (White) Hartford.

May, 23 and 24—County teachers' examination (colored) Hartford.

June, 20 and 21—County and State teachers' examination (white) Fordsville.

June, 27 and 28—County and state teachers' examination (colored) Hartford.

July, 7-11—Ohio County Institute, Hartford.

Sept. 19 and 20—County and State teachers' examination, (white) Hartford.

Sept. 26 and 27—County and State teachers' examination (colored) Hartford.

Get the Genuine and Avoid Waste

MORGAN'S

SAPOLIO

SCOURING SOAP

Economy in Every Cake

Mothers use

Frey's Vermifuge

For the Children

A Safe, Old-fashioned Remedy for Worms

Seventy-five years' continuous use is the best testimony Frey's Vermifuge can offer.

Keep a bottle always on hand. It will help keep the little ones happy and healthy.

Get a bottle at your drug, grocery or general store; or if your dealer can't supply you send his name and 25c in stamps and we'll send you a bottle promptly.

E. & S. FREY
BALTIMORE MD.

Hundreds of Thousands of

WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL

DICTIONARIES are in use by business men, engineers, bankers, judges, architects, physicians, farmers, teachers, librarians, clergymen, by successful men and women the world over.

Are You Equipped to Win?

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Springfield, Mass.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE

It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Every Woman Wants

Pastine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years.

A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical, safe, effective cleaning and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Paxton, Mass.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant **Liv-Ver-Lax** keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before **Liv-Ver-Lax** will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by

WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY

A Treatment for WEAK LUNGS or CONSUMPTION

FOR ONE MONTH

A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. If it does not help you it costs you nothing.

OHIO MEDICAL CO. LOCK BOX 616 COLUMBUS, O.

CALLED HER FAMILY TO HER BEDSIDE

Six Years Ago, Thinking She Might Die, Says Texas Lady, But Now She Is a Well, Strong Woman and Praises Cardui For Her Recovery.

Royce City, Tex.—Mrs. Mary Kilman, of this place, says: "After the birth of my little girl... my side commenced to hurt me. I had to go back to bed. We called the doctor. He treated me... but I got no better. I got worse and worse until the misery was unbearable... I was in bed for three months and suffered such agony that I was just drawn up in a knot... I told my husband if he would get me a bottle of Cardui I would try it... I commenced taking it, however, that evening I called my family about me... for I knew I could not last many days unless I had a change for

the better. That was six years ago and I am still here and am a well, strong woman, and I owe my life to Cardui. I had only taken half the bottle when I began to feel better. The misery in my side got less... I continued right on taking the Cardui until I had taken three bottles and I did not need any more for I was well and never felt better in my life... I have never had any trouble from that day to this."

Do you suffer from headache, backache, pains in sides, or other discomforts, each month? Or do you feel weak, nervous and fagged-out? If so, give Cardui, the woman's tonic, a trial.

J. 71

QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

Gold in Nature.

Ques. What appearance has gold when first found in the earth?—Ans. Nuggets have the characteristic yellow color of refined gold. Yellowish metallic flakes or grains are readily detected in some gold-bearing ores but in many cases only an experienced assayer or miner would be able to recognize such ore. Gold found in nature is never pure but is mixed with silver and in some localities with iron, copper and other metals as well. Sometimes it occurs in combination with the element tellurium. Native gold is often found inclosed in quartz or quartz sand.

The Lost Cyclops.

Ques. Please tell me what became of the naval ship "Cyclops."—Ans. It sailed from West Indies for U. S. and has not been heard from since. It doubtless was lost but how this happened is still a mystery.

White of Egg in Coffee.

Ques. I have been told that in making coffee putting a little white of egg into it will kill the tannin in it. Is this so?—Ans. Some of tannin in coffee will unite with albumen of white of egg, forming an insoluble compound. Tannin so combined of course is "killed."

The Ku Klux Klan.

Ques. What was the Ku Klux Klan?—Ans. Society founded at Pulaski, Tenn., in 1865. Its chief purpose originally was to provide amusement for its members, all Southerners, but in time it began opposition to reconstruction acts and to exercise of franchise by freed negroes. In some cases negroes were very severely treated in order to intimidate them and keep them from voting. An act of congress finally provided measures for suppressing such organizations and Ku Klux Klan disbanded.

Graham and Whole-Wheat Flour.

Ques. Please tell me just what is meant by "Graham" and whole-wheat flour.—Ans. Real graham flour is unbolthead wheat flour ground from whole wheat berries. Often flour sold as graham is only a mixture of low-grade white wheat flour and bran. Scoured whole-wheat flour is made by grinding whole wheat berries and then taking out part of bran, though obviously nothing should be taken out if it is to be really whole-wheat flour.

Origin of Corsets.

Ques. Please tell me something of the origin of corsets.—Ans. From Homer's mention of the girdle or cestus worn by Venus it appears that corsets were known to ancient Greeks. Bandages similar to corsets were worn in Rome in the early ages. Romans used them only for the purpose of support, however, until slender waists came to be considered essential to a beautiful figure when corsets were designed to be used to compress the form. Germans used corsets in Middle Ages. They were introduced there within short time they were introduced in other countries where they had previously been unknown.

Arabic Order Nobles of Mystic Shrine.

Ques. Of what religious creed are those who are known as "shriners"?—Ans. "Ancient Arabic Order of Nobles of the Mystic Shrine" (familiarily called "the Shrine" and its members "shriners") is not a religious order. According to Steven's Cyclopedia of Fraternities, it is social and benevolent society having ritual and history linked to Arabic traditions in which Oriental mysticism, names, legends and titles are much

FARM DEPARTMENT.

Don't Sell Hens.

The following letter written by one of the poultry experts in the field for the College of Agriculture is so timely that the county agent is reproducing it here in full for the readers of the paper:

"The other day I saw a woman drive into a small town with a crate full of hens for sale. Their beautiful red combs and their plump soft bodies told anyone that they were all laying. In fact, a few eggs were in the bottom of the crate as the farmer's wife sold them to the dealer for four cents more a pound than she could have gotten last autumn."

"When I saw the money pass hands, I wondered why that woman had fed and cared for those hens all winter long merely to get about a quarter more per head for them. I knew every hen in the crate had eaten twice that amount of corn since last fall. And I wondered too why the farmer's wife didn't realize that even a poor layer would soon shell out three dozen eggs which at 30 cents would amount to 90 cents."

"Listen to me. Can't folks see a mite beyond their noses? Those hens should have been kept until summer. By that time they would have paid their feed bill of last winter and then the poor layers could have been plucked and sent to the slaughter."

"Surely the good woman, who killed the goose that laid the golden eggs, did not have anything at all on the women who are selling laying hens this spring."

Keep Up Preparation.

A first class seed bed for corn or tobacco is about half the cultivation necessary. Perhaps it means more than half the cultivation because the cultivation of a crop after it begins to grow depends very largely upon the condition of the soil when the seed is planted.

Nothing will pay bigger dividends than the constant use of a disk harrow both before and after the soil is broken. A good team and a sharp disk harrow will do more toward insuring a good crop than is usually understood. When the surface of the soil is thoroughly pulverized with a disk harrow before it is plowed, it allows the dirt to settle perfectly into place against the subsoil thus allowing the moisture to rise easily.

Meat, milk, fish, eggs, beans, nuts, cheese, peas and cereals are the foods which furnish protein in quantity for the human body.

Cutting Toll of Smuts.

The estimated national loss due to wheat smuts in 1918 crop is 25,500,000 bushels.

The estimated national loss due to oat smuts in the same crop is 119,000,000 bushels, and to barley smuts 6,000,000 bushels—a total loss of 141,500,000 bushels of grain.

In September 1917, the United States Department of Agriculture began a campaign for the prevention of cereal smuts.

Methods of seed treatment to prevent smut were demonstrated to 113,090 farmers in 43 states, and 21,500 farmers were personally advised on their farms regarding smut and smut prevention.

Twenty-five per cent more farmers treated the seed than formerly. And the campaign has just fairly begun.

Dried fruits should be washed well and cooked slowly for a long period.

The largest producers of wild hay in 1918 were South Dakota, 3,282,000 tons; Nebraska, 2,277,000 tons; Minnesota, 2,170,000 tons; North Dakota, 1,904,000 tons; Iowa, 680,000 tons; Kansas, 607,000 tons; Wisconsin, 456,000 tons; Colorado, 424,000 tons. Wild grass is cut for hay in every state.

Careful experiment has demonstrated that the best method of growing tomatoes in the South is by pruning one or two stems and tying them to stakes.

Canning Club Sample Wins Hotel Order

As dual results from a milk-products luncheon put on recently by the home demonstration agent in Greenville County, Va., more milk is now being consumed there and all the surplus tomatoes in the county, canned by the club girls, have been sold. Every dish had milk or milk products for its basis and the entire menu met with the approval of those who sampled it.

One woman—the manager of a large hotel—was particularly enthusiastic over the cream of tomato soup, and after the demonstration she contracted with the home demonstration agent for all the tomatoes the club girls had canned. The guests of that hotel are to have cream of tomato soup, and plenty of it in the future. Prime quality tomatoes are a requisite in making this soup and the 4-11 brand put up by the club girls,

under the instruction of home demonstration agents from the Department of Agriculture and the State colleges, has become well known because of its uniform excellence.

Although American peanut oil was an almost unknown product before the great war in 1917 it ranked 3rd in the vegetable oils made from home grown products.

Of the more than 500 known varieties of the soy bean which have been grown on the Government testing farms, at present only about 15 are marketed commercially by seed men.

Treating Infested Chicken Houses.

The first step necessary to destroy the mites is to get rid of the hiding places so far as possible. The roosts should be taken down and all unnecessary boards and boxes removed. In heavily infested houses the mites are to be found in all parts of the building, including the roof. Where they are less numerous the infestations usually are confined to the roosts and nests and the walls immediately adjacent. For small coops a hand atomizer will suffice for applying insecticides as sprays, but for larger houses a bucket pump, knapsack sprayer, or barrel pump is desirable. A rather coarse spray should be applied from all angles and thoroughly driven into the cracks. The floor also should be treated, as many mites fall to the floor when the roosts are being removed.

The production of the animal fats, exclusive of butter fat, equal to but 70 per cent of the vegetable oil output of the United States in 1912, rose in 1917 to nearly 80 per cent. Including butter, in 1912 the quantity of animal fats was approximately twice as great as that of vegetable oils, while in 1917 the production of the two classes of fats and oils was nearly the same.

Starting Housekeepers Right.

A home-demonstration agent in the District of Columbia obtains the names of prospective brides from the marriage license bureau and writes each a personal invitation to join one of her home-making classes. The response has indicated that nearly every girl is anxious to get her home started right, and welcomes the opportunity to obtain information on the subject. Once started to thinking about modern methods of living and saving work, she is likely to be permanently interested.

Tobacco Acreage Estimated.

Seven per cent of Virginia's tobacco acreage in 1918 was devoted to sun-cured tobacco, 36 per cent to Virginia dark, and 56 per cent to old bright tobacco. In North Carolina old bright tobacco was on 34 per cent of the acreage and new bright on 66 per cent. In the leading tobacco State, Kentucky, 44 per cent of the tobacco acreage was devoted to burley, 18 per cent to stemming tobacco, 8 per cent to One-sucker, 16 per cent to the Paducah district, and 13 per cent to the Clarksville and Hopkinsville districts.

Pure-Bred Bull Proves Value.

A Sheboygan County, Wis., dairyman invested in a good pure-bred bull to head his herd and as a result the returns from his business have more than tripled. He produces milk for a cheese factory, and in 1911 delivered 44,229 pounds, but he did not regard his profits as satisfactory. He decided that he was farming with too poor equipment, so he purchased a pure-bred bull to cross with his scrub cows. Last year from the same number of cows he delivered 161,985 lbs. of milk.

Another dairyman in the same county some time ago was milking 26 cows and got 600 pounds of milk a day. He tested his herd and then sold 17 of his cows—all scrubs—for beef. His nine grade cows are now producing the same amount of milk as his former herd of nearly twice that number. The owner is convinced that it pays to use only pure-bred bulls.

What Community Breeding Is.

Community breeding simply means that the farmers in a certain community agree to do two things:

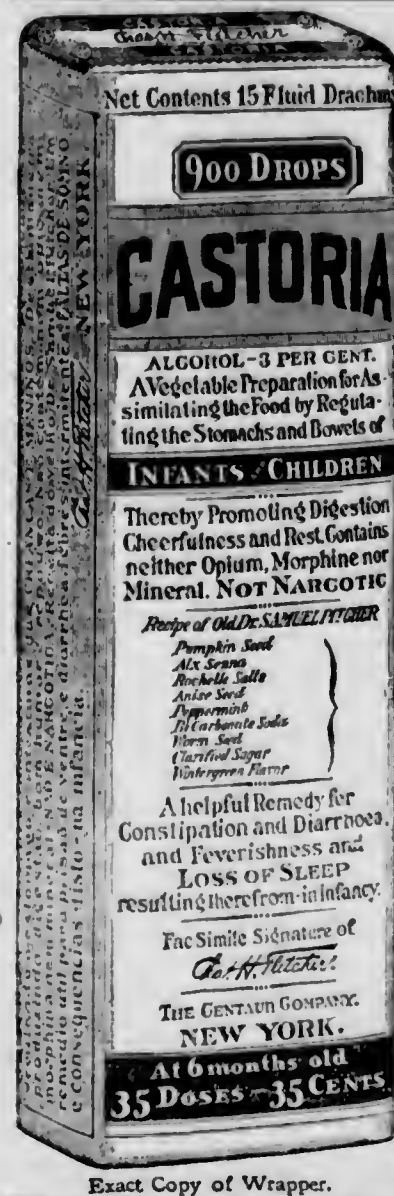
First, to breed but one breed of cattle, sheep or hogs.

Second, they agree to use none but pure-bred sires, these sires being owned either individually or collectively.

Everyone is absolutely free to do as he pleases just so long as he sticks to one class of stock and uses a pure-bred sire. These ideas can best be carried out if the farmers are organized in a body and get together at stated periods.

Less Cholera—More Hogs.

An important result of hog-cholera control work, begun by the United States Department of Agriculture in 1913, and which has resulted in a steady decline of the disease, has



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

FOR FINE JOB PRINTING

Of All Kinds Call on The Republican.

been the stimulus given the develop-

ment of swine raising in the South. With other activities of the department in this line, the assurance given to southern farmers that hogs can be produced without fear of losses from cholera has encouraged growing not only larger numbers of animals, but also better types. A few years ago Georgia purchased about 40,000,000 pounds of pork more than it produced annually. But efforts for the control of hog cholera have gradually extended over the entire State, with resulting confidence in hog raising. By 1918 Georgia was producing pork enough to make shipments to outside points besides supplying a large number of hogs to local slaughtering establishments. Similar progress has been made in Mississippi, Alabama, and Florida.

The Sacking Of The Orchards.

The sacking of the orchards will begin in many sections of the United States about the third week in May, not as the Huns did it in the fruit lands of France, but a protective sacking, literally, with cheesecloth, against another ruthless horde, to wit, the "17-year locust." This pest will occur over 21 States, coming out perhaps the last week in May. The injury inflicted by it consists in splitting the tender branches of trees for depositing eggs. The greatest damage is to very young trees. Expert advice has usually been to defer the planting of young fruit trees until another season; but the United States Department of Agriculture, realizing that to defer planting, particularly where trees have been bought and the ground prepared, would entail a considerable loss. Therefore, the advice offered is, defer planting until 1920 if feasible. Otherwise put on the trees and protect them with cheesecloth coverings. Such protection can be made practically absolute. The coverings need not be put on until the insects have emerged from the ground, when it can be determined whether or not they are sufficiently numerous to make covering of the trees necessary. Once put on, the coverings should be allowed to remain until the insects are gone. The protection can be made practically absolute. The cheesecloth should be gathered and tied in below the branches and extend upward to cover practically all the foliage, being gathered in and tied at the top in such manner as to leave a small cluster of leaves free. This method can be applied, if necessary, to trees of last year's planting. In areas likely to be heavily infested pruning should be postponed until the insects have disappeared, when pains should be taken to remove injured wood and to reshape the tree where necessary.

Farmers and others who live at a distance from a drug store should keep in the house a bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment. It may be needed at any time for cuts, wounds, sores, sprains and rheumatism. It is a powerful healing and penetrating remedy. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

LATIN TROOP SHIP HITS

MINE 2,000 ON BOARD

Paris, April 4.—The Italian transport Umbra, with 2,000 officers and soldiers on board bound from Venetia to Tripoli, has struck a mine and sunk, according to advices from Bari, Italy, quoting newspapers of that city. Several on board were killed and 100 injured.

The Umbra was a vessel of 5,020 tons gross, built at Livorno in 1912 and owned in Venice. She was at Naples in December last but has not since been reported in shipping registers.

SUFFERED WITH RHEUMATISM CATARRH AND STOMACH TROUBLE

"I think No. 40 For The Blood as a blood purifier has no equal. When I began to take Number 40 I was in very poor health as I had Rheumatism, Catarrh, Stomach trouble, Lead poisoning, and on top of that I had tried almost every known remedy to relieve. I have taken six bottles of Number 40 and am on a fast road to recovery. I owe my life to it as I used to weigh 127 pounds and now weigh 148, my usual weight. I could write more but this should be enough to convince the most skeptical, and you are at liberty to use this letter anyway you desire." George Klinker, Lima, Ohio.

The ingredients in "Number 40 For The Blood" are set down in the U. S. Dispensatory and other reliable medical books as follows: "Employed in diseases of the glandular system, in blood poison, constipation, stomach and liver troubles, chronic rheumatism, catarrh, sores, ulcers, skin eruptions, mercurial and lead poisoning. Under its use nodes, tumors, scrofulous swellings that have withstood all other treatment disappear as if by magic."

Prepared by J. C. Mendenhall, Evansville, Ind., 40 years a doctor.

A RARE BARGAIN.

A Combination of Leading Periodicals that may be Read with Pleasure and profit by every Member of your Family.

HERE IS OUR OFFER: The Hartford Republican, Farm and Fireside, Woman's World, Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer, ALL FOUR ONE YEAR ONLY \$2.30.

Prices are still advancing and we cannot guarantee offer very long. BE TAKE ADVANTAGE and save the difference, Hartford

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

BEADS ODDLY STRUNG

(By I. D. Claire.)

Mr. and Tinsley is mighty good about seein' our wives is entertained ever Tuesday, Friday and Saturday night we give 'em thirty cents show money, and while they air spittin' their sides laughin' or wipin' their eyes cryin' at Ed Barrass' show we air workin' at the office. But we air goin' to have Ed move the show or we will move our office one, so's the Missuses wont have to pass rite by our door and see if we air workin'.

In writin' up Jack Foreman's old time Jack says I was a buildin' wiser than I knew. I said Jack lived just outside the city limits, and when the Marshal went out there the other day to collect Jack's city taxes he just showed the Marshal the Republican. Jack says he is goin' to keep that ole oak tree write up, as it will save him three dollars a year in city taxes. Miss Foreman wanted the statement corrected so's the people would know they lived in town, but Jack told her nobody would believe a newspaper notice, and to just let it go long as it would save 'em payin' the city tax.

The Stanley faction of the Kentucky Democracy saw a Rhea of hope until Denhart flung his hat into the ring.

I set up till nearly midnight Tuesday night waitin' for Tinsley to get in from Louisville, but I'd just as well go to bed early. Tinsley's excuse was it had just got to durned high for a poor man to buy. And it was the first time I had ever wished this was rich.

The name of Sam Richardson stands high on my honor roll of exceptions to the doctrine of total depravity. It was a big twist of the finest kind of tobacco.

With the locusts comin', Bat Nail lookin' aroun' the office and Tinsley campin' at the mouth of Grassie all the spring, I invite the prayers of all the good christians while I'm tryin' to make this ole sheet interestin'.

I hope nobody don't run agin the Mason for the legislature. It's a heap of trouble to have to make two or three candidates for the same office believe you air for 'em.

BEAVER DAM.

Mrs. Robert Bennett, of Portland, Oregon, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Likens.

Mrs. Maubra Ranney is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. D. Davis, of Rob Roy.

Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Mson, who have sold their home on Main St., to Mr. W. King, have gone to Buford, where they will reside.

Misses Virginia and Rachel Hays McKinney spent the week-end with relatives in Hartford.

Miss Eloise Austin has returned

to Russellville, Ky., where she is attending school, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Austin. A Social was given in the Beaver Dam Christian church, by the members of the Sunday School, Friday evening. A large crowd attended and every-one had a good time. Miss Bessie Alford is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Charlie Williams and Mr. Williams, of Stone, Ky.

BEFLIN.

Rev. A. D. Bennett filled his regular appointment at Woodward's Valley, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Luther Dooley and wife, of Noecreek, visited her sister, Mrs. Mollie Patton, of this place, Sunday.

Mr. Will Bennett and wife, of Beda, visited relatives in this neighborhood, Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. Lewis Easterday and wife visited their daughter, Mrs. Mable Ross, of Smalhouse, Saturday and Sunday. Mr. T. F. Tanner, of this place has purchased a new car.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Riggs, of Cer-alvo, visited relatives in this community, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Whitaker, visited Mr. Ed Shown, of Barnett's Creek, Sunday.

Mr. Bob Rowan met with a painful accident Saturday night by falling from his barn loft, bruising his arm. Don't know how he happened to fall.

Masters Gny and Haden Hudson and little sister, Alice, of Livermore, visited at the home of Mr. N. M. Russell, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Patton, of this place, visited relatives near Beda, Sunday.

Mr. Paul Russell is still making his regular Sunday trips to Mr. Will Stevens. Paul says he is not teaching music nor trying to learn music.

BOSINE.

Mr. Dewey Alford, son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Alford, returned home Saturday from France. Dewey is looking well, but says he has enough experience in war.

Had a little shooting here Friday night when Wes Lewis shot and seriously wounded Wild Carroll, of Caneyville. The argument grew out of a game of cards.

Mr. Pete Napier and family, of Mt. Carmel, Ill., have moved back to Rosine.

The Holy Rollers are making preparations for a meeting here soon. They have their tent and preachers ready.

Miss Myra Taylor visited friends and relatives in Butler county, last week end.

Mr. Melvin Kinsinger has his new house about finished and will move into it about the 15th.

The big 3 store will have to be made larger or Uncle Billy will have to quit paying so much for chickens and eggs.

Mrs. Tom Ragland visited her daughter, Mrs. Everett Albion, of Owensboro, last week end.

Mr. Floyd Duval has taken charge of the section at Rosine.

RED SPRING DRIVE IN TROUBLED EUROPE

Washington, April 7.—A furious spring drive against the center of Europe by Bolshevik armies is what military experts here see in statements given out today by the State Department.

The department made public news from Petrograd, via Helsingfors, to the effect that the Bolsheviks are concentrating on "troop transportation on a large scale" and that they are also concentrating on an increase in the factories for the manufacture of munitions of war.

A statement made here this afternoon by Lord Reading, the British ambassador, to the effect that Great Britain has not offered to recognize the Soviet government is viewed by War Department officials as of ominous significance. Lord Reading's statement was as follows:

"With regard to the suggestions which have appeared in some quarters that Mr. Lloyd George had advised the recognition of Lenin or Trotsky? I am in a position to state that these suggestions are wholly without foundation. Mr. Lloyd George has never suggested that Lenin and Trotsky should be recognized."

It is pointed out that if Great Britain does not recognize it, there is not the slightest chance that either France or Italy will accord recognition, so that the advance of the Bolsheviks on their spring offensive will be substantially a drive to undo all the outbreak of the Bolshevik war on Central and Western Europe, they say, may as a matter of fact, have to be dealt with before the peace conference adjourns.

The army men look on the prospect as something too real and too enormous to be dealt with by any other force than the armies of the allies.

Allies Leaving Russia.

One of the military men said: "We are getting out of Russia as fast as we can and I have no doubt the British will be obliged to do the same thing at the same time. The

Bolsheviks are clearing the Odessa part of Russia of the allies and thus two armies will be released for action in Hungary with every possible indication that the Hungarian Soviet government will be the first great ally of the Russian enemy from the rest of Europe. It is plain that the wave is coming and that the invasion will be one of savage and numerical proportions. I read in the attitude of the President, who is ordering the troops home as fast as possible and the fact that the American troops who were in Italy were on the way home, that we shall not be called on to fight the Bolshevik Hungarian army and all the allies they can sweep up between now and the end of the peace conference.

As a truth the peace conference has not indicated and probably will not be able to indicate how it is going to meet the certainty of the Bolshevik invasion. The wave will break first on Germany and it would be interesting to know what part of Germany will take in the matter or what powers she will be given to prepare for it as an ally of the allies."

NOTICE—STOCKMEN.

The Beaver Dam Breeders Association, having purchased of George Sowders, Mountain Bay, a black Jack, eligible to register. Also a registered Jack, and a registered Percheron stallion, of Fisher & Walker, of Evansville, Indiana. We are now prepared to serve you, at our barn, in Beaver Dam, Ky. We will be glad to have you call and inspect these animals before breeding elsewhere. For description see posted bills. BEAVER DAM BREEDERS ASS'N 4919 By Chas. W. Mullikin, Sec.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Dibbs—Do you believe that there is really something which can invariably tell when a man is lying? Higgs—I know it. Dibbs—Ah! Perhaps you have seen one of the instruments? Higgs—Seen one? I married one.

CHICAGO NOW CLAIMS 3,000,000 POPULATION

Chicago, April 5.—Postoffice authorities and the Reuben H. Donnelly Corporation, publishers of the city directory, estimate that Chicago has passed the 3,000,000 mark, almost a million more than the census of 1910. If this is true, Chicago may be larger today than Paris, and the fourth city of the world instead of the fifth.

Your Easter Toggery

should be engaging your attention. Everything indicates on this memorial day this year you will see more well dressed men, women and children than you have ever seen, or will see again for many years to come. The lateness of Easter gives plenty of time for preparation as well as a good spring day to enjoy your new clothes.

This store strives to have everything you want—when you want it, and every necessity can almost always be supplied here.

Our Millinery Department

is crowded with the season's newest creations in Easter Hats for ladies, girls and little boys. You won't be disappointed if you depend on us for your Easter Bonnet.

Our Ready-to-Wear Department

You would be surprised to know the number of well-dressed women you see we've fitted and sold in our Ready-to-Wear Department. It may be a Coat Suit, or it may be a Coat, Cape or Dolman. It may be a Skirt and Waist. The biggest assortment of high-grade ready-to-wear in the Green River district will be found here.

Our Clothing Department

is the liveliest place for young men's, boys and older men's suits in the county. All the new models for young men are on display here that stand in class A1. This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx fine suits. Strictly all-wool fabrics and high-class tailoring. Remember that high-class merchandise sold on a legitimate profit basis is much better for the consumer than medium and shoddy merchandise at so-called cut prices.

We Invite You to Look---Not to Buy

We want you to see and closely inspect our showings in every department. If you can't see that you are perfectly safe in supplying your necessities here we don't want you to buy. Will you put your time against our and post yourself?

E. P. Barnes & Bro.

BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY.

TICHENOR'S EASTER ANNOUNCEMENT

April 14th, 15th and 16th, 1919

Every article in our store will be displayed and specially priced with new purchases for Easter buying. For a cash consideration we mean to make this an occasion of real saving to you. We have never shown such a complete line of Dress Goods, Silks, Georgettes, Crepe de Chines, Voils, Woolens, Waistings, White Goods, Suitings, Gingham, and our Ready-to-Wear department is more complete than ever before. We have enjoyed an unusual early sale from our Millinery Department, and for these three days special showings we have all the new creations the markets are offering for Easter. Don't fail to be with us. Our special endeavor will be to satisfy, and our big reduction in prices will mean a great saving to you on carefully selected seasonable merchandise. Hope bleach 20c, Hoosier Domestic 15c, Good Gingham 15c, Dress Gingham 22c. Everything with a new price for the three days.

S. J. TICHENOR

McHENRY,

KENTUCKY

Every Farmer An Insurance Man!

We are experiencing the difficulties with reference to getting implements and hardware that we did in 1918 and for that reason we suggest that you buy early and insure yourself against being without when the time comes to use them.

It doesn't cost any more to buy early, you have the assurance that the tools will be at your service when you need them. We have all kinds of Farming Implements, Lime and Fertilizer Sowers, Wagons, Buggies, Ranges, Harness, Hardware and Farmers Supplies on our sample floor. Come in and look them over. A square deal at our store.

J. D. Williams & Sons
Beaver Dam, Ky.
Cumberland Phone.